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THE MORNING STAR.

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VOL. LXIX.---NO. 96. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1902. WHOLE NO. 10,732

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The Sugar Trust has reduced prices of all grades of refined sugar five to ten points. —— The proposition to open the doors of Union soldiers' homes to ex-Confederate veterans was discussed in the House yesterday. —— In the Senate the Philippine question was discussed in an address by Senator Hoar. —— Gorman was elected U. S. Senator yesterday. —— The bank of Butler, Ga., was robbed of $2,000 in cash by burglars. —— Jas. B. McCreary elected U. S. Senator by the Legislature of Kentucky. —— Important surrender of Filipino officers and men with arms to U. S. forces reported in Batangas. —— Geo. H. Phillips, the former "Corn King," of Chicago, failed yesterday; Phillips says the amount involved is $60,000. —— Southern Lumber Manufacturers' Association is in convention at Memphis, Tenn. —— Appointments of representatives of this country at the coronation of King Edward were announced at the cabinet meeting yesterday. —— Chinese soldiers fired upon a British steamer in the West river and wounded the chaplain of a British warship who was on board. —— Military have been ordered to protect the jail at Roanoke, Va., where the negro who assaulted Mrs. Webber at Lynchburg is confined. —— A bill has been introduced in the House of Representatives placing a number of articles of the iron and steel schedule on the free list. —— Senate committee on commerce yesterday heard representatives from the National Rivers and Harbors Congress. —— Fire at Manchester, New Hampshire, destroyed property valued at half a million dollars. —— New York markets: Money on call was steady at 3@5 per cent.; cotton quiet at 8⅛; flour market was irregular and nominal at old prices; wheat—spot steady, No. 2 red 88⅛c; corn—spot dull; No. 2 69c; rosin quiet; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 14.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 23 degrees; 8 P. M., 36 degrees; maximum, 46 degrees; minimum, 23 degrees; mean, 34 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, .00 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan 14.—For North Carolina: Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, warmer Wednesday, light to fresh southerly winds.

Port Almanac—January 15.

Sun Rises	7.09 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.11 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 2 M.
High Water at Southport	12 00 M.
High Water Wilmington	2.30 A. M.

Herr Krupp, the richest man in Germany, has to scuffle along on only $6,000,000 a year income. How measley poor he would feel if he were stood up in a row with our Rockefellers, Carnegies, et. al.

Texas proposes to utilize some of her oil for laying the dust and road-making. It takes about half a barrel per mile, sprinkled every day until the roads become well crusted. The oil is put on hot. Oil is cheap down there.

Since the beginning of the war with the Boers up to December last the British army has lost 19,430 men killed or died. In addition to these are 5,000 missing, who cannot be accounted for. Lost, strayed or stolen probably deserters.

The Chicago jury which had the breach of promise suit of Miss Lizzie Miller against Henry Huenning, who jilted her and caused her to lose thirty pounds of flesh, didn't give her the $5,000 demanded but gave her $1,500, at the rate of $50 a pound.

Messrs. P. W. McGowan and R. D. Wicker have started in Raleigh a weekly paper entitled *The Harbinger*, to be devoted to cultivating closer and kindlier relations between capital and labor—a good mission. It is neatly printed and made up, and the initial number promises well.

James Holt and Miss Jennie Thompson, orphans, aged respectively 88 years and 82, living in North Carolina, on the Virginia border, who have been in love with each other for some time, stole a march on their friends the other day by slipping over into Virginia and getting married.

Ex Gov. Hogg, of Texas, is striking "phat," as the printers say, these days. A thirty thousand barrel gusher has just been struck on a 300-acre patch of land that belongs to him, which he says is now worth $300,000 an acre. At this rate he is an $280,000,000 aire, but he is able-bodied and can stand it.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.
For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy

LOCAL DOTS.

— The steamer *Wilmington* is on the schedule of the *Southport* while the latter is on the ways.

— The W. C. T. U. will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the pastor's study of the First Baptist church.

— Newbern is agitating the baseball question for next season. A meeting of enthusiasts was called to have been held at the *Journal* office last night.

— Dr. A. D. McClure yesterday afternoon at 3:30 held funeral services over the remains of the late Mr. Jno. H. Swain, whose death has been noted in these columns. The interment was in Bellevue.

— Little Miss Emma Bowden, who suffered a dislocation of the hip about eight months ago and whose final recovery from the injury was thought impossible for a time, is doing much better and to-day the affected member will be re-set with appliances received from the North. She is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Bowden.

L'ARIOSO GERMAN CLUB.

January Dance in Masonic Temple Last Night Attended by Much Success. Many Visitors Present.

The January german of L'Arioso Club last night in the Masonic Temple ball room was one of the prettiest and most largely attended of the season. The figures were beautifully led by Mr. Clayton Giles, Jr., with Miss Lucile Murchison, and the following couples participated:

Miss Bettie Gordon, of Chapel Hill, with Mr. A. P. Adrian; Miss Marie Peschau with Mr. T. A. Baxter; Miss Sallie London, of Pittsboro, with Mr. E. M. Beery; Mrs. B. M. Chiswell with Mr. Jack Bellamy; Miss Octavia Boatwright with Mr. M. Bellamy, Jr.; Miss Annie Hinsdale, of Raleigh, with Mr. J. H. Bunting; Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Carmichael; Miss Olive Armstrong with Mr. Geo. D. Crow; Miss Nellie Hinsdale, of Raleigh, with Mr. W. C. Crow; Miss Lizzie Peck with Mr. T. W. Davis; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Dick; Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Elliott, Jr.; Miss Lucile Murchison with Mr. Clayton Giles, Jr.; Capt. and Mrs. E. W. VanCourt Lucas; Miss Annie DeRosset with Mr. J. T. Munds; Miss Rash, of Kentucky, with Mr. Geo. L. Peschau; Miss Reese, of Baltimore, with Mr. H. B. Peschau; Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Smith; Miss Annie Kidder with Mr. F. Hopkinson Smith; Miss McCleery, of Williamsport, Pa., with Dr. R. T. S. Steele; Miss May Treat Peck with Mr. James M. Stevenson; Miss Nellie Emerson with Mr. T. B. Willard; Mr. and Mrs. J. Walter Williamson; Miss Anna Peck with Mr. Champ McD. Davis; Miss Sophie Busbee, of Raleigh, with Mr. Robert Nash; Miss Cammie Lord with Mr. Humphreys, of Newbern; Miss Leonora Cantwell with Mr. R. H. Gwaltney; Miss Oudesluys, of Baltimore, with Lieut. Garrison Ball; Miss Randolph, of Virginia, with Mr. A. B. Warfield.

Stags—John J. Blair and Dr. L. H. Love.

Chaperones—Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Boatwright, Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Giles, Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Emerson and Mr. and Mrs. Gabriel Holmes.

The German was given complimentary to Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Walter Williamson.

SUIT FOR $20,000 DAMAGES.

J. W. Holmes Asks That Amount for Alleged Improper Setting of Shoulder.

The complaint in a novel suit was filed yesterday in the Superior Court and the issues will likely be tried at the next week's term.

The plaintiff is Jno. W. Holmes, lately a conductor of the Atlantic Coast Line, who was injured in a railway accident. The defendants are Drs. W. J. and L. H. Love and they are sued by Mr. Holmes for the recovery of $10,000 actual and $10,000 punitive damage, alleged to have been sustained by the complainant by an improper setting of a shoulder joint, which was dislocated and broken in the accident before mentioned.

Messrs. Meares & Ruark appear for the complainant and Junius Davis, Esq., for the defendants.

N. C. AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

J. A. Long, of Person County, Elected President—Grand Lodge of Masons.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., January 14.—The North Carolina Agricultural Society elected J. A. Long, of Person county, president, and he telegraphed to-night his acceptance. Col. L. Banks Holt, elected at the last annual meeting, could not accept, owing to ill health. Preliminary steps were taken to-night by the society to make the next State Fair the greatest in the history of the State.

The Grand Lodge of Masons met here to night, with about one hundred and fifty in attendance. The feature of the session to-night is an address by Grand Master Royster and reports from officers.

Moore's Creek Battlefield.

Mr. Thomas, Congressman from the Third district, Monday introduced a bill in the House appropriating $10,000 to beautify Moore's Creek cemetery and battlefield. He will do his best to get the bill passed, but last session fifty bills of like character failed. Upward of twenty of like character have been introduced this session.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hardin's Pharmacy—Talcum.
Atlantic National Bank—Dividend.
Levi McMillan & Co.—For $2 a pair.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Stolen—Two inspirators.

Last day at Johnson's. †

THE NATIONAL BANKS

Annual Meetings of Wilmington Institutions Were Held in This City Yesterday.

YEAR OF GREAT PROSPERITY.

The Old Officers of the Murchison and Atlantic Were Re-elected — Directors Chosen — Reports Received—A Dividend Declared

The annual meetings of the stockholders of the National banks of the city were held yesterday—that of the Murchison National at 11 A. M. and that of the Atlantic National at noon. The reports of officers of both institutions showed a most healthy and substantial growth during the past year and a management that was entirely satisfactory to the stockholders.

At the meeting of the stockholders of the Murchison National Bank, Mr. Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., presided and Mr. J. V. Grainger, the cashier, was present as secretary. Eight hundred and fifty shares of stock were represented in person and 327 by proxy, making a total of 1,177 out of 2,000.

The report of Mr. H. C. McQueen, president of the bank, showed most substantial progress during the year and was highly satisfactory to the stockholders.

Directors for the ensuing year were chosen, all members of the old board having been re-elected, save Mr. W. G. Whitehead, who is succeeded by Mr. Jno. F. McNair. They are as follows: K. M. Murchison, H. C. McQueen, Nathaniel Jacobi, T. M. Emerson, A. B. Nichols, Jno. F. McNair, J. C. Stevenson, W. B. Cooper, M. J. Corbett, J. A. Springer, R. W. Wallace and J. V. Grainger.

The directors postponed their annual meeting until to-morrow.

The Murchison Bank, although the youngest National bank in the city, is one of the strongest and most flourishing. It has a capital stock of $300,000 and undivided profits of $40,000.

The meeting of the Atlantic Bank stockholders at noon was presided over by Mr. N. B. Rankin and Mr. Andrew Moreland, the cashier, acted as secretary. Of the 1,250 shares of stock in the institution 881 were represented in person and 12 by proxy, making a total of 893.

The report of the president, Mr. J. W. Norwood, showed that the net profits for the past year were most satisfactory and the finances of the bank were in a most flourishing condition.

The following directors were elected for the ensuing year: P. L. Bridgers, W. E. Springer, H. L. Vollers, J. W. Norwood, J. L. Coker, D. L. Gore, C. W. Yates, H. B. Short, J. S. Armstrong, J. H. Chadbourn, Jr., William Calder, J. G. L. Gieschen, Geo. R. French, Gabriel Holmes and Wm. E. Worth.

Immediately after the meeting of the stockholders, the directors held their annual meeting, Mr. Wm. Calder presiding. All the officers were re-elected unanimously as follows:

President—J. W. Norwood.
Vice-President—Jno. S. Armstrong.
Cashier—Andrew Moreland.
Assistant Cashier—J. W. Yates.

In view of the successful earnings of the bank the past year the Directors declared an extra dividend of 50 per cent. on the capital stock out of the earnings and accumulations of the bank during the past few years, the same payable at once to stockholders of record. In addition to this the Board set aside $50,000 to the surplus fund.

The bank has a capital stock of $135,000 and has been in existence since 1892. It is one of the most progressive and substantial institutions of its kind in the country.

The re-election of Mr. J. W. Norwood yesterday as president of the bank will doubtless give silence to repeated rumors that he contemplated ceasing his personal interest with and attention to the bank. Mr. Norwood has accepted the presidency and will remain with the bank, giving it the same personal attention as before.

Superior Court Calendar.

The attorneys of the Wilmington bar met at the office of Col. Jno. D. Taylor, Clerk of the Superior Court, yesterday at 11 A. M. and arranged a calendar of cases for trial at next week's term of the court. Marsden Bellamy, Esq., presided at the meeting in the absence of Eugene S. Martin, Esq., and Thos. W. Davis, Esq., was secretary. The calendar was ordered sent to Judge Timberlake, who will preside, for his approval. Judge Timberlake, before leaving Wilmington last week, made a skeleton for the calendar and as there are desired by the Wilmington attorneys certain departures from his original idea, it was thought best to send the completed calendar to him for approval.

The Associated Charities.

The quarterly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Associated Charities was held yesterday at 11 A. M. Aside from fixing the date for the annual meeting which will be held at the Y. M. C. A. Tuesday afternoon, 3:30 o'clock, Jan. 21st, no other business of public interest was transacted. Those in attendance upon the meeting yesterday were Dr. Blackwell, the president, Miss Carrie L. Price, secretary, Rev. Dr. G. D. Bernheim, Rev. Jno. H. Hall, Col. A. M. Waddell, Mr. J. H. Boatwright, Mr. P. Pearsall, Mr. Gabriel Holmes and Dr. D. W. Bulluck.

Last day at Johnson's. †

TRIBUTE TO LIEUT. WOOTTEN

Late Colonel of Twenty-eighth Infantry Speaks Beautifully of High Military Bearing and Record.

Maj. Wm. E. Birkhimer, late colonel of the Twenty-eighth Infantry, U. S. V., writing from San Francisco under date of December 27th, to the New York *Sun*, pays the following tribute to the late Lieut. Bradley J. Wootten, of this city:

News is brought us of the death in Cuba of Second Lieut. Bradley J. Wootten, Seventh United States Cavalry, and it is due to his character and services that a brief regular army career should not thus be terminated without appropriate notice from those who knew him in the distant fields of the Philippine archipelago, and knew what that character and those services were.

In November, 1899, the Twenty-eighth United States Volunteers landed in Luzon, immediately going to the front. The subject of this notice was First Lieutenant and Adjutant of the First Battalion. As Colonel, but now for the first time looking upon this physically splendid organization, yet recalling Civil War Volunteer experiences, the undersigned did not at first expect much in the way of disciplinary ideas and practices from these new officers. Lieut. Wootten, however, immediately attracted attention by his soldierly bearing and cheerful performance of every duty. He stood out before his superiors the loyal subordinate, the true commander, whose correct notions of discipline were born in him, pervading his whole nature, and whose example contributed powerfully to the upbuilding and maintenance of the regiment's reputation in that trying climate.

It was natural that such officer should be called upon in all exigencies; and while this is true it also is true that he always acquitted himself with greatest credit. His service was of the hardest. Alas! too much was put upon him. The Seventh Cavalry has been the training school for gallant soldiers. But in all that proud galaxy there never has been a soul superior in all military instincts to the youth in honor of whose memory its officers today bear upon their arms the badge of mourning.

MASTER "SKEETER" SHEPARD.

Arrived at New York and Found His Friend, the Wealthy Lawyer.

A telegram to the STAR last night from New York notes the arrival in that city from Stamford, Conn., of little George L. Shephard, who left here about a month ago on a schooner bound for the metropolis. The vessel was partially wrecked on the way and Master George took the first opportunity to land at Stamford. He exhibited the card of a wealthy New York lawyer whom he said had promised to adopt and educate him.

The telegram last night stated that he had found the lawyer and would be taken care of. Master George told his new acquaintances that he came of a good old Southern family, who were impoverished by the war and that he had come to New York to make a man of himself.

Tree Fell on Him.

Wilmington's esteemed and venerable citizen, Mr. Richard Litgen, was the victim of a painful, though not serious accident about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon at his home on Second, near Princess street. With two of his sons, Mr. Litgen was engaged in cutting down an unsightly tree in the back yard of his residence, ropes having been attached to the top of the tree, after the smaller branches had been trimmed, to keep the house from being injured when it fell. Mr. Litgen was holding to one of the ropes, but miscalculated the time he had to get from under the falling trunk. One of the limbs in falling struck him on the head, cutting a severe gash about two inches long and rendering him unconscious for some time. He was taken into the house, where Dr. A. H. Harriss gave him the necessary surgical attention. He hopes to be out again in a few days.

Funeral of Mrs. Bierman.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Sallie Bierman, wife of Mr. H. J. Bierman, was conducted at 11 o'clock yesterday morning from St. Andrew's Presbyterian church by the pastor, Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure. There were in attendance a goodly number of friends and relatives and the services were most impressive. The organ was softly played in accompaniment to the hymns by Miss Britt, who was organist for the occasion of Mrs. Bierman's happy marriage only a few years ago. The interment was in Oakdale cemetery, where many beautiful flowers were laid upon the grave. The pall bearers were: Honorary: Dr. W. J. Love, Dr. A. D. McDonald and Mr. Oscar Pearsall; active, Messrs. W. H. Yopp, W. L. Latta, C. L. Spencer, W. C. VonGlahn, W. H. Sprunt and J. C. Stewart.

Capt. John Cotten to Wed.

Friends in the city yesterday received the following invitations: "Mrs. Mary Moylan Riddle invites you to be present at the marriage of her daughter, Bessie Meade, to Mr. John Whittaker Cotten, Jr., Wednesday afternoon, January 29th, 1902, at 6 o'clock, Grace Episcopal church, Petersburg, Va., Capt. Cotten is well and favorably known in Wilmington, where he has innumerable friends, who will congratulate him on the coming happy event.

Fire Loss at Rosebore.

A correspondent writes that the barn and stables of the Methodist parsonage at Rosebore, N. C., were destroyed by fire at noon yesterday. The fire was caused by the careless handling of matches by one of Rev. Mr. Futrell's little boys while he was in the barn. There was no insurance.

MR. WORTH ELECTED.

Chosen to Succeed Mr. Chadbourn as Member of School Committee No. 2.

COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

Adjourned Regular Meeting Last Night at Which the Semi-Annual Apportionment of Funds Was Completed. All Members Present.

Mr. Charles W. Worth was last night elected a member of the school committee for Wilmington District No. 2, to succeed the late lamented Mr. James H. Chadbourn whose death occurred Sunday morning.

The election was in conformity to the wishes of the surviving members of the committee, Capt W. R. Kenan and Mr. Samuel Northrop, and it is presumed that in a few days the committee as at present constituted will meet and reorganize by the election of a chairman, the position filled by Mr. Chadbourn at the time of his death.

The selection of Mr. Worth was by the County Board of Education at its adjourned regular meeting last night at 8 o'clock at the Court House In attendance upon the meeting were Col. W. A. Johnson, the chairman, Capt. Donald MacRae and Mr. W. H. Sprunt, Superintendent Catlett and County Treasurer H. McL. Green.

The motion to elect Mr. Worth was by Capt. MacRae and the vote was unanimous. Those who are acquainted with Mr. Worth know that no more fitting successor to Mr. Chadbourn could have been named than he. The position is an important one to the school interests of the city and Mr. Worth is in every way eminently qualified to fill it.

Although the late Mr. Chadbourn was not a member of the County Board of Education, he was so closely identified with the educational interests of the city and county that his death was most fittingly referred to at the meeting last night. Each member of the board spoke most feelingly of him. His long connection with the public schools of the city and his untiring efforts in their behalf thoroughly associated his name with them and rendered his death deeply to be deplored.

The meeting last night was adjourned from Monday afternoon, when members of the Board were engaged for several hours in computing the semi-annual apportionment of the fund to the several county and city schools.

The following apportionment of the fund was completed at the meeting last night, after which adjournment was had:

Cape Fear Township—District No. 10, $361.75; District No. 12, $300.61; District No. 6, $408.81. Total, $970.67.

Federal Point—District No. 8, $320.19; District No. 9, $150.27. Total, $470.46.

Masonboro—District No. 4, $343.38; District No. 3, $133.25. Total, $476.63.

Harnett—District No. 7, $370.42; District No. 13, $388.79; District No. 11, $359.05; District No. 5, $378.53; District No. 14, $308.75; District No. 15 (Delgado), $341.27. Total, $2,146.81.

Wilmington—District No. 1, $8,322.29; District No. 2, $8,487.23. Total, $16,809.52.

Total amount apportioned, $20,874.09.

Wedded Yesterday at Edenton.

Yesterday at Edenton, N. C., a pretty wedding service united in marriage Miss Lizzie Skinner and Mr. Lawrence McRae, both prominent young people of that town, who have many friends in Wilmington. Mr. McRae is secretary and treasurer of the Edenton Cotton Mills. He was a student of the University from 1894 to 1898 and numbers many of his friends among the alumni of that institution. Miss Skinner has a large circle of acquaintances among the students of St. Mary's where she attended college for some time. The bride and groom are expected in the city to-day from Newbern and will be the guests for a short time of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Smith, enroute South.

Dr. Hall's Lecture and Sermon.

Crowded even to standing room was the hall at the First Baptist church last night, and the "Evolution of a Girl" thrilled the great audience until it wept and laughed with the breath. Dr. Hall being an old friend and co-pastor with Dr. Blackwell, has decided to stay over and deliver his great sermon on "The Resurrection" to-night in the First Baptist church. This sermon on this theme by such a pulpit orator will doubtless fill every seat in the great edifice at 8 o'clock to-night. It is not a paid lecture. No admission will be charged at the door. A silver offering will be taken at the conclusion of the address. It will be a spiritual and intellectual feast.

For Stealing a Crowbar.

L. Herring, white, who figured conspicuously in the recent trial in the Superior Court over the larceny of a turpentine still from Mr. C. H. Dock, across the river, was committed to jail by Justice Fowler yesterday, in default of $50 bond, to answer in the higher court to a charge of stealing a crowbar from Mr. V. B. Britton, the shingle mill man. It was shown that the crowbar was stolen about 6 P. M. and that it was sold an hour later by Herring, who testified that "a man" gave it to him. The legal doctrine of "recent possession" will likely be against the defendant at trial.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. W. B. Allen, of Newbern, is at The Orton.

— Mrs. Will Warner, of Erie, Pa., is visiting Miss Stella Divine.

— Mr. J. C. McCaskill, of Maxton, was an arrival at The Orton yesterday.

— Postoffice Inspector H. S. Owens, of Washington, D. C., is at The Orton.

— Mr. G. A. Croft left yesterday on one of his regular business trips through the South.

— Mr. Cameron F. MacRae, of Raleigh, arrived in the city from the South last night.

— Mr. J. L. Barringer, the well known business man of Florence, arrived last night.

— Mrs. Jessie R. Strauss arrived last night from Florence and is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. R. W. Livermore, a prominent merchant and lumber mill man, of Red Springs, N. C., is at The Orton.

— Mr. H. T. Bryan, the inimitable "Henry," of the baseball world, arrived in the city last night from Tarboro.

— Mrs. W. B. Bowden, who has been quite sick for several weeks, was some better yesterday, her friends will be pleased to know.

— Mr. E. V. Elwell, who has been spending the past month at Armour, N. C., recuperating his health, is in the city for a short visit on business and pleasure.

— Miss Edna Gasque, of Marion, S. C., who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Harvey Twining, is now visiting her friend, Mis Mary Dell Canady, of Scott's Hill.

— Mr. W. H. Montgomery is assisting with the clerical work in the office of the Register of Deeds. Deputy McLaurin has about all he can do to attend to Shcedule B tax payers, and as there is some rush of work now the additional clerk was found necessary.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Pritchard's Arrival an Important Event With the N. C. Aggregation—Ex-Governor Russell's Aspirations.

The following from the Washington correspondent of the Raleigh *Post*, under date of the 13th, will be read with interest:

Senator Pritchard will be here and ready for business to-morrow. He will arrive here either very late to-night or the first thing in the morning, and has so timed his coming that the horde of office seekers will not meet him at the station and create a riot.

When Senator Pritchard arrives he will find these, among others, to besiege him, either for office for himself or for others: Ex Governor Russell, United States Attorney Bernard, Dr. Abbott, Judge Douglass, Judge Cook, A. H. Slocomb, Claude Dockery, Ex-Senator Butler, B. F. Keith.

Ex-Governor Russell and Dr. Abbott travelled in tandem all day. Judges Douglass and Cook were at times with them. It became known during the course of the day that Ex-Governor Russell had thrown his coat into the ring for United States district attorney against both Bernard and Harry Skinner and that his candidacy was being actively advocated by Judges Cook and Douglass and Dr. Abbott. He is being urged as a compromise between Skinner and Bernard.

Ex-Senator Butler has not yet appeared actively in the fight for Russell, but it is believed his fine Italian hand is on the lever of every move made. Russell came here ostensibly to push the candidacy of D. L. Gore for the position of Collector of Customs at Wilmington. It was an easy bluff to make and it disarmed suspicion. No one here has any idea that either Gore or Keith will be named as Dancy's successor. A. H. Slocomb, unless all signs fail, will be the next collector at Wilmington. But Russell found the Gore candidacy a very convenient hobby horse to ride to Washington, and it has landed him here safely. Whether he will land the United States district attorneyship is another question.

It is not known here whether Harry Skinner will come on or not. His absence causes Bernard's friends uneasiness, as they assume that Skinner is assured of his standing and need not be present in person. Russell's entry into the field may move Skinner to come on and join the horde.

In the meantime Bernard is moving every influence he can reach. It will probably take Senator Pritchard several days to get through with the crowd that is here, and it may be two weeks before the district attorneyship is decided. The Wilmington case will be easy alongside the other.

THE WOMAN'S AUXILIARY.

Annual Meeting Yesterday—Plans for the Future—Lecture by Mr. Ford.

The annual meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. was held yesterday morning at 11 o'clock. There was a large attendance and much enthusiasm was manifested. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—Mrs. C. C. Covington.
Secretary—Miss Clara Woodward.
Treasurer—Mrs. B. F. Hall.

Elaborate plans for the future were discussed with much vigor, and the prospects are exceedingly promising for a year of great work. Among other things it is proposed to re-furnish the Association building through out, and a movement to this end is already on foot. A series of entertainments and lectures are being arranged to supply a fund and great success is expected. The ladies are already in correspondence with Mr. F. T. Ford, a renowned lecturer and interpreter of negro dialect, and they hope to have him here for an entertainment on the night of Washington's birthday, February 22nd. Mr. Ford made a tour of the South about six years ago and was received with great enthusiasm. The same will be true of him here.

Last Three Days

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,

13TH, 14TH, 15TH

OF THE WONDERFUL SALE AT THE

JOHNSON STORE,

NEXT TO ORTON HOTEL.

DON'T FAIL TO GET YOUR BARGAINS.

jan 12 tf

THIS WEEK

We will sell the celebrated coronet line of Ladies' Shoes in seven different styles

For $2 a Pair,

any size you want. Regular price $2.75. Mention this ad.

THIS IS THE PLACE.

LEVI McMILLAN & CO.,

Fourth and Campbell Streets.

jan 4 4t

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C., January 14, 1902.

The Directors of the Atlantic National Bank having this day declared an extra dividend of fifty per cent. to stockholders of record January 14th, same is now payable. Resident stockholders will please call for their checks.

ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.

jan 15 tf

Burned in an Explosion.

Mr. S. W. Holden, an employe of the A. C. L. shops, was badly burned yesterday by the explosion of a can of kerosene. His arm, neck and one side of his face were burned. He was taken to his home at 403 North Front street where his wounds were dressed by Dr. R. T. S. Steele, A. C. L. surgeon. He was resting very well at last accounts.

New Station Master at Florence.

Florence *Times*, 14th: "Mr. Jno. C. McClenaghan has been appointed station master of the Florence depot, the place having been left vacant by Captain Timmerman's removal to Columbia. Mr. McClenaghan has been in the Coast Line's service for several years, and is one of the best conductors on the system, besides being an all-round good railroad man."

Last chance at Johnson's to-day. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Talcum, Talcum.

Pure Powdered Purified Talcum

in one pound boxes for 25c, two pound boxes 40c. For sale at

HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY.

Jan 15 tf 126 South Front street.

Of Interest!

A Car Pierce's Vegetable Baskets, just in.

WHITE SPRING AND RUST PROOF OATS.

Seed Potatoes.
Seed Potatoes.

Best varieties.

HALL & PEARSALL,

(INCORPORATED.)

jan 14 tf Wholesale Grocers.

The Unlucky Corner.

New Goods.

Malaga Grapes, Cocoanuts, Cream of Wheat, Oranges.

Great Big Fish Roe Cheap.

Preserved Ginger, Loose Buckwheat, Prepared Buckwheat, Fresh Saratoga Chips, Fancy Red Cranberries, Cleaned Currents and Raisins, Fine Glace Citron.

S. W. SANDERS,

Both Phones 109. oct 28 tf

Office Supplies.

Before you buy your office supplies for the new year call and get my prices.

I have everything you will need in a first class office.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET,

107 Market St.

Bell 'Phone 26. dec 29 tf

Cash Is King.

Our prices are inducement and this class of buyers miss it badly in not taking the trouble to visit us. We need your business and it won't be our fault if we don't get it—see us.

Dealers in

Provisions, Corn, Oats, Hay.

Agents for

Renown 5c Cigar.

Pine Tree 5c Cigar.

Topical Twist Head Cigars.

These goods are hand-made and long Havana Filler and unsurpassed as a superior gentleman's smoke. Ask your dealer and insist on this brand and take no other.

Vollers & Hashagen.

Wholesale Only.

jan 12 tf

New Goods.

Bagging and Ties,

New Mullets,

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

2ND PAT. FLOUR,
STRAIGHT FLOUR,
SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE,
MEAL, GRITS, MOLASSES
WHEAT BRAN,
CANNED GOODS, SOAP,
LYE, STARCH, SALT, &c.

Send me your orders.
Special attention given to consignments.

S. P. McNAIR.

jan 16 tf

Hot Chocolate

With Whipped Cream.

Tomato Boullion.

Beef Tea,

AT OUR FOUNTAIN.

E. WARREN & SON.

jan 11 1y

Wanted, Furs.

5,000 Raccoon Skins.
5,000 Fox Skins.
5,000 Opossum Skins.
1,000 Mink Skins.

And Furs of all description. Highest prices paid. Quotations furnished on application.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

nov 24 tf 18 Market street.

This Is Your Chance,

Why not make use of it? I am not going to advertise a "removal sale" nor a closing out sale, but I have a few Holiday Goods left over that I am offering at greatly reduced prices. They are not damaged, neither are they shoddy Goods, but, on the contrary, are strictly first class, and I am selling them at reduced rates simply because I don't want to carry them over till another Xmas.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

Bell 'Phone 613 111 Market street.
jan 5 tf Inter-State 421.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 15.

THE SUGAR MEN PROTEST.

The beet sugar men began to protest very early when the subject of reciprocity with Cuba was broached. They declared that free or low taxed sugar from Cuba would ruin them and the beet growers and destroy an industry which would in the near future supply this country with all the sugar needed. Now the Louisiana cane growers are protesting. They don't say that they will in the near future be able to produce all the sugar needed but they, like the beet sugar men, declare that they will be ruined if there be a reciprocity treaty with Cuba which lets sugar in free or at a low rate of duty. A few days ago they held a meeting at New Orleans and drafted a protest, of which the following is the substance as published by the *Picayune*:

"The United States has spent three hundred millions in money and sacrificed the lives of thousands through battle and disease to give to Cuba a freedom for which she was fighting hopelessly in 1898.

"Ere taking her place in the sisterhood of nations by installing her newly-chosen rulers, Cuba is already asking that further sacrifices shall be made by her benefactor.

* * * * * * *

"The Cubans desire that they shall be helped, by the remission by our Government of the sugar duties levied under the Dingley tariff. We protest, because this method singles us out from among all the sons of our American country as the victims, whose substance is to enrich the cane fields of Cuba.

"We protest against their demands, because they will result in establishing a rate of tariff on agricultural products from Cuba for all time, and which will continue to injure us as long as the tariff shall last. * * *

"We protest because the course suggested benefits a foreign state, numbering less than fifteen hundred thousand people, while it destroys the greater part of he invested capital and renders almost valueless the lands of the best portion of a State of the Union, of an equal population with Cuba, and which has been part of the Union for nigh one hundred years.

"We protest, because having contributed more than our quota of soldiers to the Spanish war, many of whom have never returned, and because having paid our full share of the general war taxes of the United States we have contributed fully, as American patriots, to the burdens of the Spanish war, and now, for our Government to comply with the present Cuban demand would be for that Government to sacrifice this State itself.

"We protest because we are in a sad condition as can be the Cubans themselves, by reason of the enormous output of European sugars. This affects cane growers here and in Cuba alike, and no code of morals can justify any government in destroying many of its citizens to help a foreign State suffering from abnormal conditions which depress it no more than they depress us.

"We protest, because the present price of sugar threatens the destruction of cane growing in this State, and no government at such a moment can justly reduce the tariff in favor of any foreign people, on sentimental grounds when such reductions will be a death blow to this industry.

"And we protest against concessions, by reciprocity or otherwise, which aim to reduce the tariff on agricultural products and against any course which tends to injure our home industries."

From a protection standpoint this is a pertinent and a logical statement of the case. Reciprocity cannot be "the hand-maiden of protection" when it opens our ports to the products of another country which could be shipped to this country and sold for less money than our growers could afford to produce them. They say this is what reciprocity which opened our ports to Cuban sugar would mean, and if that be so then they as interested protectionists and others who believe in pretection are right in opposing that kind of reciprocity.

Some of the protectionists, who are not interested in sugar as sugar producers or sugar makers, but who are interested in selling their wares and goods to the Cubans and want some other plea on which to justify their demand for reciprocity, put it on the ground of sentiment as an obligation that we are discharging to get Cuba out of her straits and put her on her feet. They are perfectly willing to do that at the expense of the sugar growers and sugar makers. If put upon that ground, that we are under some obligation to open our ports to Cuban products to help Cuba, then these Louisiana men are on logical ground again when they protest and declare that Cuba has no claim of that kind on this country. But possibly the Cubans who ask for reciprocity and those in this country who espouse their cause may answer that the United States, in assuming a sort of protectorate over Cuba by virtue of the Platt amendment to the Cuban constitution, has substantially made Cuba a part of the United States, and has deprived her of the power of shaping her own financial and customs policies, and making friends among other nations. The fact is, they will declare, that with this amendment Cuba is to all intents and purposes an appendage of the United States.

This is one of the consequences of tarrying so long in Cuba and of scheming to secure poosession of of privileges and concessions that were never thought of before we got a foothold and had the island practically in our control, and would not have been thought of then if the Cubans wad been strong enough to offer formidable resistance.

In the course of the proceedings of this meeting the Sugar Trust came in for its share of attention. It has recently become very much interested in the American consumer of sugar and therefore wants free raw sugar from Cuba, by which, it declares, the American consumers could save the $85,000,000 a year they now pay as tribute in consequence of the tariff on raw sugar. It was alleged in this meeting that the sudden interest in the consumer of sugar had its inspiration in the fact that the Sugar Trust has bought this year's crop of Cuban sugar and wants to get it in free, and that being done it can put refined sugar on the market at a price that would ruin the beet sugar makers of the North and West and the cane sugar makers of the South. With its practically unlimited capital and refined sugar on the protected list, it goes without saying that it could control the sugar crop of Cuba, and controlling that and getting it in tax free, with its refined sugar protected, it would have an absolute monopoly of the home market and would be monarch of the sugar domain on this hemisphere.

In no phase of this business do the American people come in, but selfishness as apparent as the midday sun shows all over it. The manufacturers and others interested in building up trade in Cuba, want reciprocity because it would help them. The Sugar Trust wants it (as far as raw sugar goes) because it would put millions in its coffers. The beet sugar men don't want it because it would, they say, hurt them and the cane sugar men don't want for the same reason. But where do the American people who shell out the millions of dollars annually come in?

THE RAILROADS OF THE WORLD.

According to the latest estimates of railroad statisticians there are in the world 484,348 miles of railroad, of which this country has 199,378 miles. Of the total mileage there are in North America 226,657 miles, and in South America 28,264 miles. Europe has 168,000; Asia 35,580; Africa 15,860; Australasia 15,282; Mexico 9,603, and Canada 17,657.

About one-third of the roads of the world are owned wholly or in part by the Governments of the countries which they are located, and in some they are operated by the Governments and in others are leased, but operated under Government supervision and control. Nine-tenths of German roads are owned by the Government and operated under Government supervision. Two-thirds of the Russian roads were built and and are operated by the Government. Nearly one-half of those in Austria-Hungary are. Nearly all of the Italian roads are owned by the Government but are leased to companies. By the law in France under which the franchises were granted, nearly all the railroads in that country will become the property of the Government by the middle of this century. The larger part of the 25,035 miles in India is Government property, and all the roads in Australasia are owned by the colonies.

We have had much talk of Government ownership of railroads in this country but as a matter of fact there is better railroad service and cheaper transportation in this country than in any of the countries where the roads are owned by or run under Government supervision, with the exception, perhaps, of the trans-Siberian road, where people and freight are carried at about cost, the object of the Government being to encourage immigration into and development of Siberia. About the only advantage apparent is that where there is Government control there is no "long and short haul" controversies and no discrimination between shippers, all being treated exactly alike.

The total population of the United States, according to a census bulletin just issued, is 84,233,069, subdivided as follows: U. S. proper, or Continental U. S., as distinguished from the island possessions, 75,994,575; Philippines (as estimated by the statistician of the Philippine commission) 6,961,339; Porto Rico 953,243; Hawaii 154,101; Alaska 63,592; Guam 9,000; American Samoa 6,100; persons in the military service outside of the territory of the U. S. proper 91,219. There are but two other European countries which lead us in population, Great Britain, (and her colonies) with 387,000,000 and the Russian Empire with 136,000,000.

Representative McCall, of Massachusetts, wants to repeal the clause of the customs law limiting the amount of new clothing tourists returning from Europe may bring in free of duty to $100 and let them bring a whole clothing store or millinery establishment if they want to. Wait till he hears from the tailors, dressmakers, etc., and he'll know what it is to sit on the ragged edge with thin pants.

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

TAKING A REST.

There wasn't much of a boom in the cotton mill building business in this State last year, the charters granted numbering only fifteen. Speaking of this the Raleigh *News and Observor* of Saturday says:

"The past year has been the worst the cotton mills of this State have ever experienced, and a gentleman who is interested in a number of large mills, remarked yesterday that comparatively few of the cotton mills in the State made money. The erratic price of cotton and bad trade were alike responsible for the bad conditions with which the mills had to contend.

"Of the fifteen mills incorporated by the Secretary of State last year at least one failed to succeed. A gentleman here yesterday stated that this particular mill sold out before it was ready for operation. Still a great deal of money was invested in the textile industry in the State in 1901. More than half a dozen mills in the State amended their charters for the purpose of increasing capital stock. Then again there were a number incorporated in 1900, which were completed last year."

Last year wasn't a very good year for the mills anywhere and the probabilities are that the mills in this State did about as well as the mills anywhere, making the same grades of goods. According to the reports of the mills in New England some made about as much money as they did last year, and some less. Those that showed up well were employed in making the finer grades of goods. These paid about ten per cent. dividends, while for the others which made more than they did last year the dividends did not reach five per cent. The probabilities are that the average dividends in the North Carolina mills were larger than that.

There is nothing discouraging in the fact that comparatively so few charters were asked for last year, as North Carolina is pretty well supplied with mills, and capitalists think it is time to go slow in mill building until they can see their way better. It could not be expected that the pace of the past few years could be kept up, and it would be folly if it were. But with the large number of mills already in operation fifteen new mills is not a bad showing.

The reports from the New England mills, taken in connection with the comparatively low profits of our mills, indicate that the time has come when our mills must branch out and give attention to the finer and more profitable grades of goods.

Chicago has a poetess who composes poems while asleep. There is nothing new in that. There are lots of towns which have people who can compose just as good poems when they are asleep as when they are awake.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Ex-Gov. Moses, of South Carolina, who has had quite a career since his day in Southern politics, was sentenced the other day by the municipal court in Boston to four months on Deer Island for the larceny of an overcoat. And thus do we see an evening up of things oftentimes, even in this "vale of tears." Moses was South Carolina's first reconstruction governor.—*Chattanooga Times, Ind.*

—— The other day somebody wrote a letter of complaint about the tactics of the Republican party and addressed it: "To the Nerviest Republican United States Senator, Washington, D. C." The postal authorities delivered it to the Hon. Boies Penrose, of Pennsylvania. It is said that Senator Penrose feels complimented at the postoffice's estimate of him.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

—— Nuts are bound to bring better prices as the forests go and we have more money to spend. Why should not great groves of pecans and walnuts add increased beauty to Florida scenery? It is well to consider the future when we plant. Pecans are already adding to the wealth of our farmers, and we know that English walnuts do well; who knows whether other fine nuts might not grow with us?—*Jacksonville Times-Union, Dem.*

—— The Havemeyer Sugar Trust would like to have Cuban sugar admitted free and the duty on refined sugar remain as it is. The Oxnard beet sugar aggregation does not want free cane sugar from Cuba brought into the country for fear of competition with the beet sugar industry. Both parties wish to have the tax on refined sugar retained. Both desire to sell dear sugar to American consumers. Both are animated in their contention at Washington by mere greed of gain. What Congress ought to do is to reduce the duty on Cuban sugar one half, or else admit it free, and make a corresponding duty in the tax on refined. This would help the Cubans out of their bankruptcy, save millions to sugar consumers and leave a fair margin of profit to refiners.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

Food Changed to Poison.

Putrefying food in the intestines produces effects like those of arsenic, but Dr. King's New Life Pills expel the poisons from clogged bowels, gently, easily but surely, curing Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Fevers, all Liver, Kidney and Bowel troubles. Only 25c. at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Winston *Republican*: The recent drowning of young Holder in the Belo Pond, this city, was duly noted in our last issue. Regarding the number of deaths, however, we were in error. There were three, instead of two. The first was Mr. Ellegood, the second Mr. Canady and the third young Holder, besides many narrow escapes. For such an unpretentious looking body of water, it is a veritable death trap.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Mr. Neill McGill, a well know farmer of 71st township, died at his home, about six miles from this city, Monday morning. —— Dr. J. H. Marsh received a telegram Friday night, announcing the death at Cameron, Texas, of his brother, Mr. C. B. Marsh. The deceased, who was 44 years old, left Cumberland county for Texas twenty three years ago, and there he married and became prosperous.

— Alleghany *Star*: The *Star* learns of a most commendable act of Mr. Thos. K. Miller, of Ashe county, that is worth recording. It seems that through the proverbial generosity of ex Sheriff Gaither McNeill he had gotten behind in the collection of his taxes. Gaither, as he is familiarly called, just would not sell the property of the poorer citizens, and the State and county authorities were pressing for a settlement. In this dilemma Mr. Thos. K. Miller stepped in and advanced out of his own pocket $4,000 to save the property of the county from going to sale and to save his old friend McNeill from suffering financial loss.

— Greensboro *Record*: Rogues Sunday night stole enough clothing from the Vanstory Clothing Company to start a good size store—such as we use to have in Greensboro years before the war. They made so bold as to take a big wire nail and drive it through the glass of one of the doors right on South Elm. This broke the glass from top to bottom, when it was easy to get in. After they had scooped in all they wanted they simply unbolted the twin doors at the top and the bottom, pulled them opened and walked out. The work must have made some noise, but no one seems to have heard it and the robbery was not discovered until this (Monday) morning.

TWINKLINGS.

—At the Concert.—"His voice has a good compass." "Y yes; but it didn't prevent his being all at sea in the last song."—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

— Human nature: Smith—There goes a man who hasn't a friend in the world.—Jones — Poor fellow! How did he lose his money.—*Chicago Daily News.*

— Sue Brette—How do you know the gallery gods threw eggs at you? Ham Lette—How do I know? Ye gods, didn't I catch them in the act?—*Chicago News.*

—Bill: How long was your friend, the artist, working on that canvas? Will—Eight years. Took him six months to paint it and seven years to sell it.—*Tit-Bits.*

—A Sinecure: Mrs. Flynn—"An pwhat's yer son Moike doin' now, Mrs. Casey?—"Shure Moike ain't doin' anything, Mrs Flynn. He's got a government job."—*Leslie's Weekly.*

— Guide—"This is an ancient Roman toga, supposed to have been worn by one of the senators." Col. Bloodangore (of Kentucky)—"Hum. Whah's th' hip-pocket, suh?"—*Baltimore American.*

— Lawyer (examining witness)—Where was your maid at the time? Lady—In my boudoir arranging my hair. Lawyer—And were you there also? Lady (indignantly)—Sir!—*Chicago Journal.*

— On Their Wedding Trip: Bride—Darling what caused you to pick out Milwaukee as the end of our bridal tour? Groom—It was the farthest place I could get a pass to.—*Louisville Evening Post*

— On the Ark: This is tough luck, said Ham, mournfully, as he leaned out over the side of the ark. What's wrong now? queried Shem. Why, all this water to fish in, replied Ham, and only two fishin' worms on board.—*Life*

— The Main Point—Mrs. Gatterson—"You will come to dinner anyway, Mr. Tutter, will you not? though I'm afraid there will not be many interesting people present." Tutter (gallantly)—"What difference does that make? One is always sure of a good square meal at your house."—*Brooklyn Life.*

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

For soiled spots in wall paper try rubbing with dry cornmeal or stale bread.

If drawers or window screens move with difficulty, rub their edges well with hard soap.

Damp cupboards can be made dry by placing a basin of lime on a shelf for a few hours, repeating the process now and again.

Crude petroleum, well rubbed in, is as simple and good a polisher as one can find for floors which have been oiled, varnished or painted.

Never put soda in the water in which you wash china that has any gilding on it. Soda injures the gilding. Instead use soap, which answers just as well and has no ill effects.

Cheese may be kept from drying or molding by wrapping it in a thoroughly wrung cloth that has been dipped in vinegar and then putting it into a paper bag, keeping it in a cool place.

An easy and satisfactory way to remove dust from a painted floor is to wet a flannel bag, wring it out as dry as possible, put it on the broom and drag it in even strokes over the floor. All the dirt will in this way be collected in one place and can be easily taken up without leaving streaks of dust on the paint.

Quill Pens.

Quill pens are said by some authorities to have been used in the year 553 and by others not until 635. Quills had a long reign, for the steel pen does not seem to have been introduced until 1803. Improvements on the steel pen were made by Mr. Gillott of Birmingham, England, in 1822. The gold pen came next.

Force of Habit.

"Why do Mr. Paintbrush and his wife promenade in single file?"

"They used to ride a tandem, and they can't get over the tandem habit."

The oldest public building in New York is St. Paul's chapel, at the corner of Broadway and Fulton street. It was built in 1766, ten years before the Declaration of Independence.

Thousands Sent Into Exile.

Every year a lage number of poor sufferers whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. Don't be an exile when Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption will cure you at home. It's the most infallible medicine for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung diseases on earth. The first dose brings relief. Astounding cures result from persisent use. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S. Price 50c. and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. †

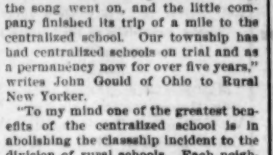
CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTRALIZED SCHOOL.

How It Works in an Ohio Township. A Five Years' Trial.

"It was an early spring morning. Cold, misty rain was falling, interspersed with snow squalls. The wind was strong from the northwest. Underfoot the mud and water were having a spat for supremacy, yet in the midst of it came the school wagonette drawn by a span of stout horses, while inside, protected from storm, wind and mud, were 19 children bound schoolward and all singing 'Comin Through the Rye.' Two youngsters were added to the load, the boot was again buckled up, the song went on, and the little company finished its trip of a mile to the centralized school. Our township has had centralized schools on trial and as a permanency now for over five years," writes John Gould of Ohio to Rural New Yorker.

"To my mind one of the greatest benefits of the centralized school is in abolishing the classship incident to the division of rural schools. Each neighborhood thus becomes a class, with but little interest in the community at large, and the matters of acquaintance of children in different parts of a town are slight. Now all the children



ON THE WAY TO A CENTRALIZED SCHOOL.

of the town are of one community, and merit wins. One scholar is as good as another, and talent and deportment are the only avenues to merit.

"It is not here contended that the centralized school is yet perfect. It is in a state of evolution, but each step seems the better move toward solving the question of a better education for the rural boy and girl. In average attendance the new plan far exceeds the old. In some towns the attendance is 25 per cent better on the average. It is fully that in our township. Then it promises to add at least two years more schooling to the school life of the pupil. To be taught along ever unfolding and new lines in study inspires, where the ever going back to retraverse old study byways causes listless and lifeless ways, even to desertion of school life.

"The cost is less in most instances. The transportation of a school district to a central point is less than the cost of its separate maintenance. In some towns the centralized plan saves hundreds of dollars. In some the cost is about the same. In a few, where causes have been beyond the board's control, the cost is more, but in all cases the instruction vastly compensates for slightly increased cost."

EXCHANGED VALISES.

Why the Rightful Owner of One Never Called For It.

The story was told by a quiet, black bearded gentleman who had registered from Pittsburg and who happened to be one of a group of yarn spinners in the corridor of a hotel.

"I am in the foundry business at present," he said, "but in my younger years I imagined I was cut out for a doctor and took a course at the old Ohio Medical college in Cincinnati. It was the custom at that time and may be yet for the advanced students to do a good deal of individual dissecting work at their rooms, and for that purpose a regular division was made of certain of the cadavers at the college. One student, for instance, would get an arm, another a foot and another some other section, which they would carry away and study at their leisure.

"One evening—I will never forget it if I live to be a thousand—I secured the forearm of an unusually fine subject, a muscular negro, and, putting it in a small valise, started for my quarters in the eastern suburbs of the city. The mule car I took was unusually crowded, and I put my valise on the floor. When I reached my rooms and took a second look at it, I was shocked to see that I had picked up somebody else's luggage by mistake. I hated to lose my specimen, but what troubled me a hundred times more was the thought of the fright that it would probably occasion some innocent person, maybe a woman, and on reflection I concluded to report the matter at once to the police.

"Accordingly I got on the cars again and went directly to headquarters, where I was fortunate enough to catch the chief just going out. He heard my story in his private office and agreed with me that the discovery of my ghastly package would be apt to fill some household with horror and consternation. 'We will have somebody rushing in here before morning with a clew to a mysterious murder,' he said; 'and, by the way, suppose that we open the valise you have with you. It may furnish us with the address of the owner.' It was locked, but he soon found a key that fitted, and when he looked inside he gave a prolonged whistle. 'Your valise will never be reported, doctor,' he said dryly. The one I had picked up contained a kit of burglars' tools."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

AMBIDEXTERITY.

Should the Use of Both Hands Be Encouraged?

The question, Should ambidexterity be encouraged? is answered in the negative by a writer in The American Journal of Insanity and upon the ground that, while coarse movements may be performed nearly as well by one half of the body as by the other, accurate and expert movements require a higher organization of one half of the brain than the other. Hence the more expert hand should be consciously still more and more specialized. Making the ordinarily quiescent half of the brain assume control tends, it is said, to impairment of mental processes as well as inferiority of physiologic speed and dexterity.

All of which we deny, both fact and theory being untrue. The writer has doubtless been misled by observation of the function of speech, which is single and in execution requires the control of a single center. We have but one voice, but we have two hands, which in many cases at different instants may be put in action with the same dexterity. Many surgeons can operate equally well with either hand, many artists paint with either hand, and we have seen men who could write as well with the one hand as with the other. The critic of ambidexterity may reply that this is impossible with synchronous movements, forgetting that in the musician, and especially in the pianist and organist, there is the most marvelous expertness of both hands executing most complicated and entirely different functions and at the same instant.

The arguments against ambidexterity appear not only inconclusive, but are squarely contradicted by facts. Surely also they are against a desirable freedom of the mind. Without the musicians ambidexterity life would be deprived of much charm. We should encourage "divided attention" and that large power of the mind over the body shown in the synchronous control of multiform activities. —American Medicine.

He Wasn't That Sort of a Boy.

Mother—What! Have you been fighting again, Johnnie? Good little boys don't fight.

Johnnie—Yes, I know that. I thought he was a good little boy, but after I hit him once I found he wasn't.—Somerville (Mass.) Journal.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

EIGHT POUNDS!

Eight pounds of love and laughter, of smiles and sunshine or—? Many a mother can fill up the blank out of her experience of puny, wailing children, whose coming brought no gladness to the home. Women who have used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as a pre-natal preparation know that it makes all the difference between happy, healthy motherhood, and a motherhood of murmuring and misery. And they know also, that happy, healthy mothers have happy, healthy children. "Favorite Prescription" strengthens the whole body for the strain of motherhood. It practically does away with the pains of childbirth, gives the mother abundant vitality and enables her to nurse and nourish a healthy child.

The "Favorite Prescription" contains no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine, chloral nor any other narcotic.

"I am mother of six children," writes Mrs. C. A. Briggs, of Millwood, Douglas Co., Oregon, "and always took three or four bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' before confinement and never suffered any to speak of; had no after pains; my babies were large—they all weighed more than eight pounds, and I am not a large woman; weigh about 115 pounds. I have had some stomach trouble, but a few doses of 'Golden Medical Discovery' would set me all right. I am hardly ever without your medicines. They are all the medicine one needs, if taken in time, to keep one in perfect health.

"I feel that I owe my little boy's life to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, as he had convulsions, and everything he ate would bring them on. I commenced to give him the 'Golden Medical Discovery' in ten drop doses three times a day. Now he is just as healthy a child as can be found and he grows like a weed."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the best laxative for women.

Canaries.

Canaries, which were originally green and gray in color, were native to the Islands from which they take their name and were first taken to England on ships plying between English ports and the south of France. From this stock have been derived a number of distinct varieties, such as the crested, the green, the lizard, which imitates the reptile in its variegated markings, and the Belgian, which has a strange humpback appearance.

The Peanut.

In Tennessee and Georgia the peanut is known as a goober, in Alabama and the western gulf states a ground pea, in the southeast of the United States and in the West Indies a pindal or pindar and in various parts of England a jurnut, an earth nut or a manila nut.

Nothing at All.

Brown—There's a lady pianist at the circus who plays with her toes.

Jones—Umph! That's nothing; my baby does that.—Exchange.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the Star will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market prices of the articles quoted

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7¼
Burlaps	6	@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔	13½@		14
Sides ℔	9	@	10
Shoulders ℔	8½	@	9¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔	9½@		10
Shoulders ℔	9	@	9¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 35	@	1 35
Second-hand machine	1 35	@	1 35
New York, each		@	1 35
New City, each		@	1 35
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℳ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔	15	@	18
Northern	22	@	28
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	82½@		85
Virginia Meal	82½@		85
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	1 25	@	1 30
CANDLES—℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamtine	8	@	11
COFFEE—℔			
Laguyra	11	@	13½
Rio	7½@		11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔		@	0
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 50	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔	6	@	10
Extra	4 00	@	5 00
FLOUR—℔			
Low grade	3 05	@	3 10
Choice	3 75	@	4 00
Straight	4 50	@	4 75
First Patent	5 00	@	5 25
GLUE—℔	6	@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	93	@	93½
Mixed Corn	87½	@	90
Oats, from store (mixed)	62½	@	65
Oats, Rust Proof	85	@	90
Cow Peas	95	@	90
HIDES—℔			
Green salted	4	@	5
Dry flint	10	@	11
Dry salt	9	@	10
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
No 1 Timothy	1 00	@	1 05
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	1 00
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	1 00
N. C. Crop	75	@	80
HOOP IRON, ℔		@	3
CHEESE—℔			
Northern Factory	12½@		14
Dairy Cream	12	@	13½
Half Cream	10	@	12½
LARD, ℔—			
Northern	9	@	12½
North Carolina	10	@	12½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 10	@	1 25
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	18 50
Rump		@	18 50
Prime		@	18 00
ROPE, ℔	11	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool		@	90
American		@	90
On 125 ℔ Sacks	50	@	60
SUGAR, ℔—Standard Grand'd	5	@	5¼
Standard A	4⅞	@	5
White Extra C	4⅝	@	4¾
Extra C, Golden	4⅝	@	4¾
C Yellow		@	4
LUMBER (city sawed) ℳ ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	18 00	@	18 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	28
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	32
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	29	@	31
Porto Rico, in barrels	29	@	33
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	17	@	27
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 40	@	2 50
SOAP, ℔—Northern	5@6	@	7
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	15 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00	@	9 00
Common mill	4 00	@	5 00
Fair mill	5 00	@	6 50
Prime mill	6 50	@	7 50
Extra mill	8 00	@	9 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	6 00	@	7 00
" Sap	5 50	@	6 00
5x20 Heart	3 50	@	4 00
" Sap	2 50	@	3 00
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon		@	2 10

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—230 bales cotton, 15 barrels tar.

W. C. & A. Railroad—436 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 40 barrels rosin, 87 barrels tar, 34 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—37 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—110 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 3 barrels tar.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—3 bales cotton, 6 casks of spirits turpentine, 194 barrels rosin, 36 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Schooner J. D. Pigott—11 bales of cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 32 barrels of rosin, 24 barrels of tar.

Total—789 bales cotton, 27 casks spirits turpentine, 266 barrels rosin, 209 barrels tar, 36 barrels crude turpentine.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

(Quoted officially at the closing of the Produce Exchange.)

STAR OFFICE, January 14.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 38c per gallon for machine made casks and 37c per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.05 per barrel bid for strained and $1.10 per barrel bid for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.25 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady at $1.10 per barrel for hard, $2.00 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady at 37¼@38¼; rosin firm at $1.20@1.25; tar firm at $1.30; crude turpentine quiet at $1.30@2.30.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	27
Rosin	266
Tar	202
Crude turpentine	36

Receipts same day last year—20 casks spirits turpentine, 2,143 barrels rosin, 228 barrels tar, 10 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 7¾c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5½	cts ₱ lb
Good ordinary	6¾	" "
Low middling	7½	" "
Middling	7¾	" "
Good middling	8 3-16	" "

Same day last year, market firm at 9¾c for middling.

Receipts—789 bales; same day last year, 1,424

(Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.)

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c; fancy, 84c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c. Spanish, 75@80c.

CORN—Firm: 85@90c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 15@16c per pound; shoulders, 13@14c; sides, 13@14c.

EGGS—Firm at 20c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 20@23c; springs, 10@20c.

TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 15@17½c; live, 10@12c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 50@60c per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Money on call was steady at 3@5 per cent.; the market closed, offered at 5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4¾@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange heavy, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487 for demand and at 484¼@484¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 485 and 488. Commercial bills 483¼@483¾. Bar silver 55¾. Mexican dollars 44¼. Government bonds were steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 108½; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 108½; U. S. 3's, registered, 107¾; do. coupon, 108½; U. S. 4's, new registered, 139½; do. coupon 139½; U. S. 4's, old registered, 111¼; do. coupon, 111¾; U. S. 5's registered, 107½; do. coupon, 107½; Southern Railway, 5's, 120. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 101½; Chesapeake & Ohio 45¼; Manhattan L 136¾; New York Central 161¼; Reading 53½; do. 1st preferred 80¾; do. 2nd preferred 60; St. Paul 160¾; do. pref'd, 185½; Southern R'way 33¾; do pref'd 92; Amalgamated Copper 67½; Am'n Tobacco —; People's Gas 100⅝; Sugar 117¾; Tennessee Coal and Iron 61½; U. S. Leather 11½; do. pref'd, 80¾; Western Union 90½; U. S. Steel 41¾; do. preferred 93½; Mexican National 14¼; American Locomotive —; do. preferred —; Standard Oil 650@660; Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 60; do. preferred, 120.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 14.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 25c asked; do. preferred, 45@48½c; do 4s 84¾@85.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Rosin quiet. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 14.—Spirits turpentine firm at 36½c; sales — casks. rosin firm, unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Jan. 14—Spirits turpentine firm at 38½c; receipts 313 casks; sales 157 barrels; exports 265 casks Rosin firm; receipts 3,174 barrels; sales 1,575 barrels; exports 750 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, January 14.—The cotton market opened steady, with prices two to four points higher, and while showing a firm undertone practically all through the session had a comparatively narrow movement. After the opening there was a slight further advance on covering, some foreign buying and demand from the South. The better feeling originated

PUZZLE PICTURE.

FIND THE TWO WITCHES.

Safe from the giant's harsh restraint
Jack and his princess reached a path
That led afar, and, lest she faint,
The knight assured her that the wrath
Of giants ne'er could reach them now.
Still as he spoke the witches ran
Beside them, each with schemings how
To checkmate. Find them if you can.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

The Handsomest Shoes

Ever brought to this city can be seen in our retail department direct from the manufacturers' hands.

Snappy Styles for Gents, in Banisters, Pat. Vici Bals, price $6. We have Pat. Calf and Vici's for $3, $3.50 $4.00 and $5.00.

All the newest and nicest for Infants, Children, Misses and Ladies. We have all the new Patent Leathers and Kids, prices $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 and $3.00.

Come to us for Fleece Soles, Leggins and Over-Gaiters.

CEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

dec 6 tf

MENNEN'S TALCUM POWDER.

Special Prices
15 Cents.
Bargains in every department.
S. & B. SOLOMON.

jan 5 tf

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GENTLEMAN 1902

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Bagging and Ties.
Salt on hand and cargo to arrive.
Molasses,
Imported and Domestic.
Cheese Full Cream.
Sardines, Salmon, Cakes.
Dunlap Meal.
Corn, Oats, Hay.
Lime, Cement.
The Worth Co.
sep 13 tf

Well, the New Year 1902

Is here, and you will find me at the same old place with a full stock of
Horses and Mules, Buggies and Harness
For sale, and from now on I will keep for hire a complete Light Livery; all new Buggies and nice, Stylish Horses.
F. T. MILLS.
ja 5 tf

SECOND FIDDLE.

Just behind the first fiddle he bends
To his bow, as a slave to the rod;
All his soul to the music he lends,
All his eyes to the leader, his god.

His skill is not blaring, but sure;
Mark his bowing, the rhythmic accord
Of his motions, the sound crystal pure
That he lures from the violin's board.

The crowd never look at his face;
He is one of the sixty who try
With wood wind or brass to displace
The world by a dream from the sky.

Not his, like the master of strings,
To step forth superbly alone
And play a Cremona that sings
With heavenliest tone upon tone.

No soloist he, but a part
In the mighty ensemble that soars
In the regions divine of an art
Where man but aspires and adores.

His joy is the gladness of those
Who feel they are helping the whole;
Less fluent the harmony flows
If an instrument flag, if a soul

Unfaithful should be to the beat
Of the baton that bids him be true,
And the music is ofttimes so sweet,
Small matter what makes it or who.

And haply—who knows—in the day
When the ultimate piece is rehearsed
Shall come his great moment to play
And the fiddle called second be first?
—Richard Burton in Nashville American.

NAMING AN INDIANA TOWN.

The Novel Way In Which the Dispute Was Settled.

Resting by the side of General William Henry Harrison's saber in the "Old Curiosity Shop" collection of antiques in the old State Bank building at Terre Haute, Ind., is a target rifle of ancient design that is declared to be the weapon that gave Logansport her name. The old rifle might well come under the classification of heavy ordnance, for it is over 7 feet in length. It weighs 37½ pounds and shoots a bullet so heavy that 12 of them make a pound. In firing it an iron rest had to be used, and the rest is exhibited with the rifle. Maurice Thompson resurrected the rifle's history and made it the subject of one of his collection of Indiana stories.

According to his story, in the latter part of the twenties the settlement at the mouth of Eel creek had reached proportions that necessitated the selection of a name. The main functionaries met one afternoon under the branching elms along the Wabash and undertook the christening. Every one had a suggestion and many settlers pressed claims. General John Tipton wanted to bestow a Latin or Greek name that was synonymous with "the mouth of the eel." Hugh B. McKeen, who had formerly resided on the Maumee, near the spot where the Shawnee chief Logan lost his life while attesting his fidelity to the white people, urged the name of Logan. Colonel Duret joined with McKeen, adding the "port," as the town was the prospective great port of the upper Wabash, that was then thought to be navigable.

The story has it that, unable to reach a unanimous decision any other way, the frontiersmen finally decided to leave the decision to the aim of the rifle. The best smoothbores and squirrel rifles were brought out, and each man that had offered a name placed the future of his claim on his nerve and eye. The Logansport man, it is claimed, hit the bullseye of the target, which was placed on an elm tree down along the river.

As a rule, Indian towns and cities have either been named in honor of prominent people, first settlers or Indians or have been given their names as the result of locality. Elkhart was named after the Elkhart river, and the Elkhart river was given its name because there was an island in the stream that the Indians fancied resembled the heart of an elk. Governor William Henry Harrison, riding through the forests on the old Vincennes-Ohio falls trail, heard the sweet voice of Jennie Smith singing the plaintive ballad, "Corydon," and it attracted him many times to the Smith home, where he located the first capital of the state and named it after the song.

Rockville is a city built on a rich alluvial deposit, and but two rocks of any size can be found in the town. There was the usual wrangle between pioneer settlers, each of whom wanted the town named after himself. At last a stranger laid his hand on the big rock and said: "Well, here's a fellow that's been here longer'n any of you. Name it after him." The one flask of whisky in the crowd was drained, and the town was christened by the empty bottle being broken over the "fellow that's been here longer'n any of us."—Indianapolis Press.

CURVATURE OF THE SPINE.

Easy to Prevent and Easy to Check If Treated In Time.

In infancy and childhood lateral curvature of the spine develops very readily. In some cases, as will be presently shown, the causes are very slight, so that, to use the words of one of our most eminent medical authors, "It is really wonderful that most of us are tolerably straight."

A slight asymmetry of any one of the vertebræ of which the backbone is built up or an abnormal development or lack of development of one of the muscles which hold it upright is sufficient to produce a deviation from its proper position.

This of itself would be of comparatively small moment if the organs contained within the trunk were not affected by any considerable change from its proper upright position. A lateral curvature cannot exist without a shortening of the trunk, just as a bow when bent measures less from tip to tip than when it is unstrung. This shortening in turn necessarily implies a crowding together of the organs contained within the trunk.

Constitutional weakness naturally tends to make lateral curvature of the spine more readily acquired. Of specific disorders which produce the same effect, rickets is perhaps the chief.

With the knowledge that lateral deviation is thus easily caused, it is not to be wondered at that causes apparently very slight are frequently the only ones discoverable to account for certain of the many cases coming under the physicians' notice. A baby can scarcely support its back before it is 3 or 4 months old. Yet the proud nurse or mother not infrequently sets it erect or carries it on her arm without a proper support at a much earlier age.

Children who go to school at 6 or 7 years of age are often compelled to sit on a badly shaped bench, sometimes with no support for the back, during school hours. The muscles become tired, and the child leans to one side, usually to the right.

A narrow space between the seat and the desk obliges the child to push between them, so that, in girls particularly, a drag is exerted on one shoulder, or the skirts form an uneven cushion, tilting the spinal column out of the perpendicular. Even in grown men and women occupations requiring a one sided muscular action affect the vertebræ and therefore the shape of the spine. In children the much softer bones are still more readily affected.

Parents may therefore be pardoned if they insist on abundance of room and considerable lack of restraint for young children in the schoolroom.

Teachers have frequently to take the initiative in matters of school hygiene, especially when their pupils are from homes in crowded insanitary city tenements.

Lateral curvature is rarely congenital. It is in most cases preventable, and cases taken in hand early are usually checked by strict observance of hygienic measures.—Youth's Companion.

A Legal Query.

Tired of the long winded oratory of the attorney for the defense, the judge interrupted him.

"Mr. Sharke," he said, "may I ask you a question?"

"Certainly, your honor. What is it?"

"Language," said the judge, "we are told, is given to conceal thought or words to that effect. Inasmuch as you don't seem to have any thought to conceal, I would like to know why you are talking?"—Chicago Tribune.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.
For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

Woman's Debt to Cardui

Wharton, Texas, January 31, 1901.

Before I began taking Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught I had almost given up the idea of trying to get relief from my trouble. My menses did not last more than two days and I had cramps in the lower part of my stomach and my limbs ached. My eyes and nostrils became sore. But now since taking Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught I passed this month without a pain and ran the whole time. I feel like a new woman. I advise all suffering women to take Wine of Cardui. I owe my health to your wonderful "Woman's Relief".
Mrs. A. D. PAIGE.

Why will any woman hesitate to take Wine of Cardui with Mrs. Paige's plain, honest story before her?

WINE OF CARDUI

regulates the menses perfectly and cures all the distressing ills that are caused by the irregular flow. There is no excuse for any reader of this paper submitting to days of suffering every month. Do you think Mrs. Paige would let her trouble run another day again, now that she knows what it is to be well and strong? You will be like another woman in a short time if you secure a bottle of Wine of Cardui from your druggist today and take it according to directions. Mrs. Paige is only one among thousands of women who have secured relief from Wine of Cardui. It cures leucorrhœa, falling of the womb, and every kind of "female trouble." Try it!

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

TOO GOOD TO BE WELL.

A Hospital Doctor's Experience With an Out Patient.

There is an interval of silence; then a sudden peal as the accident bell is heard, and the next moment an agitated parent is seen running down the passage with a child tucked under the arm, its bare legs streaming behind it in the wind of its mother's rapidity.

"What's the matter, missis? Has she swallowed some poison?"

"No, sir; it ain't that," she pants; "but I'm that scared I don't know 'ardly which way to turn."

"Well, but what's happened? Has she hurt herself?"

"No, sir; and 'er father 'e's that upset 'e couldn't do nothink, else I ain't used to runnin like that, and 'e'd 'ave brought 'er up, but 'e says as 'ow 'e daren't touch 'er, and I've run all the way, and me 'eart"—

"Come now, missis, just tell me quietly what's the matter with the child."

The patient, a pretty little thing of 4, looks inquiringly at her alarmed parent; there seems to be little the matter with her.

"It's all very well yer a-sittin there and a-tellin of me to be quiet," cries the mother. "If yer 'ad children of yer own yer wouldn't like ter see 'em die afore yer eyes. Oh, dear, oh, dear, and there ain't only two more and the baby!"

The doctor in despair examines the little girl, but fails to discover anything wrong. "Now look here," says he firmly, "I can't find anything the matter with your child, so you'll have to go away unless you tell me why you brought her up to the hospital."

"Well, doctor, we was all a-havin our tea a minute ago as it might be, and 'er father was eatin a nice bit o' tripe as was over from dinner, when Susy, that's 'er, says as 'ow she loved God and was goin to 'eaving when she doied. What!" in tones of horror. "Ain't yer going to give 'er no medicine?"—Macmillan's Magazine.

He Kept His Leg.

Twelve years ago J. W. Sullivan, of Hartford, Conn., scratched his leg with a rusty wire. Inflammation and blood poisoning set in. For two years he suffered intensely. Then the best doctors urged amputation, "but he writes, "I used one bottle of Electric Bitters and 1 1-2 boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve and my leg was sound and well as ever." For Eruptions, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Sores and all blood disorders Electric Bitters has no rival on earth. Try them. R. R. BELLAMY, will guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Only 50 cents.

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for 1902 gives reliable, practical, up-to-date information about all Seeds, giving not only descriptions, but the **best crops to grow, most successful ways of growing different crops,** and much other information of special interest to every Trucker, Gardener and Farmer. Mailed free upon request.

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QUINA-LAROCHE'S Invigorating Tonic.

Containing
Peruvian Bark and Pure Catalan Wine.

Endorsed by the Medical Profession of the World as the **Best Tonic** for Convalescents from **Yellow Fever, Typhoid Fever** and **All Malarial Troubles;** it increases the Appetite, strengthens the Nerves and builds up the entire system.

Paris: 22 Rue Drouot.
New York: E. Fougera & Co., 26-30 N. William st.

LAROCHE

Grand National Prize.
16,600 Francs at Paris.
jan 1 tf we

SAY! STOP!

AND LOOK IN THE WINDOW OF THE
A. M. SUSMAN FURNITURE CO
AND SEE HOW THE
BRASS BED IS REDUCED,

Also look over our fine line of Furniture and see how cheap a good quality of goods can be sold. We have given others bargains and if you give us a call we are sure you will be satisfied with our prices. Very respectfully,

A. M. Susman Furniture Co.,
110 and 112 Market Street,
nov 26 tf Wilmington, N. C.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.
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PRUDENT ADVERTISERS
SHOULD NOTE THESE FACTS.

THE MORNING STAR

—IS THE—
OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER
IN NORTH CAROLINA.

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WM. H. BERNARD,
Editor and Proprietor,
Wilmington, N. C.

COAL AND WOOD!

WE ARE NOW OFFERING
THE BEST QUALITY AND THE CLEANEST COAL ON THE MARKET. FIRST CLASS
Blackjack, Split Oak, Ash, Pine and Lightwood.
Our Wood we Guarantee
To be perfectly DRY, regardless of weather.
Prices, Weights and Measures Guaranteed.
Give us a trial order and judge for yourself.

The Coal, Cement and Supply Co.,
214 South Front Street.
BELL 'PHONE 645. INTERSTATE 72.
nov 24 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington, N. C.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier

Assets $1 000,000.00.

Prompt and reliable service. Security. Every possible facility.

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jan 9 tf

Compound Interest

Is like a third arm, working for you day and night. The results realized from depositing a few dollars regularly in our bank at 4 per cent. interest, compounded quarterly, are really wonderful. Call by the bank for a card showing how much the compound interest on amounts of $1 00 to $100.00, deposited monthly, will amount to in one to ten years. We help you to save. Try us.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company,
108 Princess Street.
J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
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jan 3 tf

One Minute of Time Please!

Our Bank particularly desires to secure the savings of
1—The young man who wants to get ahead, the laborer, mechanic, clerk, teacher, the capitalist, the professional man, the married woman who keeps an individual account.
2—The business man who wishes to separate his surplus profits from his general business capital.
3—The corporation, public or private that is accumulating a sinking fund.
4—In short all those who wish their deposits to draw interest. We pay 4 per cent. interest, compounded quarterly on deposits. Correspondence solicited.

The People's Savings Bank,
Opposite the Postoffice.
H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
jan 12tf W. W. DICK, Cashier.

VESTIBULED
ATLANTIC COAST LINE LIMITED TRAINS
DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE
Between New York, Tampa Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 1st, 1901.

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:15 P. M., Charlotte 10:30 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M., Hamlet at 7:30 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:59 A. M., Pembroke 9:30 A. M., Lumberton 9:54 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10 35 p m	6 35 a m
Ar Monroe	12 11 a m	8 30 a m
Ar Charlotte	....	9 25 a m
Ar Chester	1 25 a m	9 45 a m
Ar Greenwood	3 43 a m	1 52 p m
Ar Athens	6 13 a m	4 15 p m
Ar Atlanta	8 50 a m	6 55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10 35 p m	6 40 a m
Ar Columbia	1 05 a m	8 40 a m
Ar Savannah	4 40 a m	12 05 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9 05 a m	3 50 p m
Ar Tampa	5 40 p m	5 00 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	11 00 p m	7 40 a m
Ar Raleigh	2 00 a m	1 05 a m
Ar Norfolk	5 50 a m	11 05 p m
Ar Portsmouth		7 15 a m
Ar Norfolk		5 25 p m
Lv Hamlet	10 40 p m	7 25 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 70 a m	10 15 a m
Ar Norlina	3 30 a m	11 55 a m
Ar Petersburg	5 54 a m	2 25 p m
Ar Richmond	6 35 a m	3 05 p m
Ar Washington	10 10 a m	6 35 p m
Ar Baltimore	11 35 a m	11 35 p m
Ar New York	4 15 p m	6 30 a m

Train 40 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 31, leaving New York at 5.00 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 7.00 p. m.; Richmond 10 40 p. m.; Portsmouth 6.70 p. m.; Norfolk 8.30 p. m.; Raleigh 3.35 a. m. arriving at Hamlet at 6.00 a. m. From train 39 leaving Atlanta 6.00 p. m.; Athens 11.28 p. m.; Chester 4.00 a. m.; Charlotte 5.00 a. m.; Monroe 5.40 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.00 a. m.

From train 39 leaving Jacksonville 7.40 p. m.; Savannah 11.25 p. m.; Columbia 3.05 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.05 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH,
General Passenger Agent.
JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man.
dec 7 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	4 32	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
5 40	5 50	Kinston	10 16	9 50
7 08	7 07	Newbern	8 27	7 00
P. M.	P. M.	Morehead City	7 05	6 25
			A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at New bern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 8.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 8.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 22 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of every-day living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, languor, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken-down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, **COCELIN**. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

50 cents: or sent by
The Carrollton Chemical Co.,
Baltimore, Md.
TO ANY ADDRESS ON RECEIPT OF MONEY! WRITE US ABOUT IT!

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after Monday, September 23rd, 1901 the schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	8 15 A. M.
6 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.
6 30 P. M.	

Freight must be prepaid and will be carried on the 2.30 P. M. train only.

sep 22 tf R. O. GRANT, Superintendent.

FOR RENT,
Dwellings, Stores, Offices, &c.
an 22 tf D. O'CONNOR.

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co

Schedule in Effect Dec. 23, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.05 A. M., Warsaw 11.51 A. M., Goldsboro 12.31 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.52 P. M., Petersburg 6.40 P. M., Richmond 7.45 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.40 P. M., Baltimore 1.39 A. M., Philadelphia 4.05 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 P. M., Warsaw 8.40 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 9.31 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.33 P. M., Weldon 1.37 A. M., †Norfolk 1.00 P. M. Petersburg 3.1 A. M., Richmond 3.57 A. M., Washington 7.30 A. M., Baltimore 9.03 A. M., Philadelphia 11.12 A. M. New York 1.45 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.24 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.12 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY except Sunday 2.45 P. M. No. 51—Due Lake Waccamaw 7.10 A. M., Chadbourn 7.41 A. M., Marion 8.48 A. M., Florence 9.25 A. M., Lanes 11.08 A. M., Charleston 1.10 P. M.

DAILY 2.45 P. M. No. 52—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9.15 P. M., Columbia 10.40 P. M. Denmark 6.14A. M., Augusta 8.10 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 3.00 A. M., Jacksonville 8.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10 30 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.10 A. M. No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.20 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.40 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.10 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.30 P. M., New York *2.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 3.55 A. M., Washington 4.50 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 7.45 A. M., Norfolk 9.50 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.52 P. M., Rocky Mount 12.55 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.15 P. M. Warsaw 4.10 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 10.10 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 1[illegible] night, New York 2.25 A. M., Philadelphia 12.01 P. M., Baltimore 2.15 P. M., Washington 3.45 P. M., Richmond 7.25 P. M., Petersburg 7.10 P. M., **Norfolk 4.00 P. M., Weldon 5.50 P. M., **Tarboro 7.22 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.45 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.06 A. M., Goldsboro 7.31 A. M., Warsaw 9.21 A. M., Magnolia 9.37 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 53—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.25 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY except Sunday 11.30 P. M. No. 50—Leave Charleston 4.30 P. M., Lanes 6.06 P. M., Florence 8.15 P. M., Marion 8.54 P. M., Chadbourn 9.53 P. M., Lake Waccamaw 10.21 P. M.

DAILY 1.40 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.00 A. M., Sanford 2.10 P. M., Jacksonville 8.30 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 5.45 A. M., Florence 7.50 A. M. Macon 2.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.25 P. M., Columbia 8.05 A. M., Sumter 9.20 A. M., Florence 10.10 A. M., Marion 10.53 A. M., Chadbourn 11.55 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.35 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Leave Sanford 2.50 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.30 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.50 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 6.10 A. M. Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.32 A. M., Parkton 10.05 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 9.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.15 P. M., Halifax 3.50 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 4.10 P. M., Greenville 5.47 P. M., Kinston 6.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.30 A. M., Greenville 8.30 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.06 A. M., Weldon 11.30 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 6.00 A. M. and 6.45 P. M.; arrive Parmele 8.35 A. M. and 4.10 P. M.; returning leave Parmele 11.10 A. M. and 5.23 P. M.; arrives Washington 12.30 A. M and 6.18 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 6.35 P. M. and 6.27 P. M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7.30 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9.55 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.10 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 4.10 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.20 A. M., 4.52 P. M., Spring Hope 11.05 A. M., 4.40 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 5.15 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M. 5.45 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.46 A. M., Dillon 10.58 A. M., Rowland 11.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 4 P. M.; arrives Dillon 5.31 P. M., Latta 5.44 P. M., Pee Dee 7.06 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 12.01 P. M., arrive Conway 2.50 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.55 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., leave Chadbourn 5.32 P. M., arrive Kirod 8.10 A. M., returning leave Kirod 8.40 A. M., arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 6.20 P. M., Manning 6.56 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.40 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.00 A. M., Manning 9.03 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., *7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., *8.30 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M., *4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; *8.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 10.05 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.30 A. M., Hartsville 9.55 P. M., Cheraw 11.45 A. M., Wadesboro 12.50 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 3.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 3.25 P. M., Bennettsville 9.32 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 10.05 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.30 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.05 A. M. Bennettsville 7.05 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.25 A. M., Darlington 6.20 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 11.10 P. M., arrive Selma 2.45 P. M. 11.59 P. M., Smithfield 3.05 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1 10 A. M., Rowland 6.10 P. M. returning leave Rowland 11.15 A. M. Fayetteville 12.55 P. M., 10 07 P. M., Dunn 1.34 P. M., Smithfield 2.03 P. M. Selma 2.10 P. M. 11.22 P. M., arrive Wilson 3.57 P. M. 12.07 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.28 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.14 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.25 P. M., Creston 5.26 P. M. Sumter 6.19 P. M. Daily.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
dec 22 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York,
Wilmington, N. C., and
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.
ONEIDA..... Saturday, Jan. 4
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, Jan. 11
From Wilmington for New York.
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, Jan. 4
ONEIDA..... Saturday, Jan. 11
From Wilmington for Georgetown.
ONEIDA..... Tuesday, Jan. 7
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Tuesday, Jan. 14
Steamers do not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.
For Freight apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager,
19 State street, New York.
jan 2 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 15.

KING EDWARD'S CORONATION.

Representatives of the United States Appointed at a Meeting of President Roosevelt's Cabinet.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The cabinet meeting to-day was devoted largely to the consideration of appointment of representatives of this country at the coronation of King Edward II At its conclusion the following designations were announced by the Secretary of State:

Special Ambassador — Whitelaw Reid, of New York.

Representative of the United States Army—General James H. Wilson, of Delaware.

Representative of the United States Navy—Captain Charles E Clark, commander of the battleship Oregon during the Spanish-American war and now governor of the naval home at Philadelphia.

There are to be three secretaries, as follows: J. P. Morgan, Jr., son of J. Pierpont Morgan, of New York, Edmund Lincoln Baylies, a barrister of New York, and William Wetmore, son of Senator Weimore of Rhode Island.

RAILROAD MEN AT TAMPA.

About 150 Delegates in Attendance at the Convention of the Southeastern Freight Association.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TAMPA, FLA., Jan. 14.—About 150 delegates to the convention of the Southeastern Freight Association arrived at the Tampa Bay Hotel to-day. Every railroad south of the Potomac and east of the Mississippi rivers was represented. The convention was called to discuss freight rates in the above territory and meetings will be held daily for the balance of the week. S. F. Parrot, of Atlanta, presides as chairman, and Wm. Magill, of Atlanta, is secretary. The Southern Railway is represented by J. M. Culp; Atlantic Coast Line, by T. M. Emerson; Central of Georgia, by W. A. Winburn; Seaboard Air Line, by C. R. Capps; Louisville and Nashville, by C. B. Compton; Plant System, by D. F. Jacks; Associated Railways, by W. H Fitzgerald commissioner. Many other smaller roads throughout the South are also represented.

AN IMPORTANT SURRENDER.

Filipino Officers and Men in Batangas Give Up Their Arms to United States Forces.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 13.—The War Department was advised late to-day of an important surrender which occurred yesterday at Taal, Batangas, Philippine islands. The surrender included one colonel, three lieutenant colonels, one major, five captains, twelve lieutenants, 245 men and 223 rifles. Marassigan, the colonel, was a leader of importance under the insurgent General Malvar, operating in the western part of Batangas. That section is reported now to be practically clear of hostile forces. It is stated that the surrender was unconditional and due directly to the excellent service of the American troops. The loyal natives, it is added, believe this surrender will influence hostile bands in other sections of Batangas to surrender. Those prisoners not charged with serious crimes have been released.

MILITARY CALLED OUT.

To Protect Negro in Roanoke Jail Charged With Assaulting Mrs. Webber.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ROANOKE, VA., Jan. 14.—At 10 o'clock to-night Mayor Bryan made a request on Lieutenant Hanson, commanding the Roanoke Blues, a military company, to hold his men in readiness to protect Joe Higginbotham, the negro who is locked up in the Roanoke jail charged with assaulting Mrs. Ralph Webber and then cutting her throat at Lynchburg last Saturday. Rumors are that an attempt will be made to-night to lynch Higginbotham. The Roanoke Blues are assembling at their armory.

RICHMOND, VA., Jan. 15.—Governor Montague, at 1:20 o'clock this morning, said he had just talked with the mayor of Roanoke over the long distance 'phone and that the mayor said there was no danger of any trouble in connection with the Lynchburg assault case.

LUMBER MANUFACTURERS.

Convention of the Southern Association in Session at Memphis.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEMPHIS, TENN., January 14.—The twelfth annual convention of the Southern Lumber Manufacturers' Association began a three days' session here to-day with a large attendance of delegates.

President S. H. Fullerton, of St. Louis, delivered his annual address. The reports of the officers of the organization show the affairs of the Association to be in a satisfactory condition.

BRITISH CHAPLAIN WOUNDED.

Hong Kong Steamer Fired Upon by Chinese Soldiers in West River.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HONG KONG, Jan. 14.—The British steamer Nanning (belonging to the Hong Kong, Canton and Macao Steam Coal Company, limited,) of Hong Kong, has been fired on by Chinese soldiers in the Tam Chau channel, West river. The chaplain of the British flagship Glory, Rev. Charles E. L. Cowan, M. A., who was on board, was severely wounded.

James B. McCreary was yesterday formally elected United States Senator by the two houses of the Kentucky Legislature.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

CHICAGO GRAIN OPERATOR FAILS.

Board of Trade Closed All Open Deals With Geo. H. Phillips, the Corn King.

CAUSED DECLINE IN PRICES.

The Trouble Said to Have Been Due to a Break in Rye—Couldn't Meet the Call for Margins — Phillips' Statement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4—A notice was posted at the Board of Trade to day calling for the closing of all open deals with George H. Phillips, the former "Corn King."

A heavy call for extra margins is said to have been the cause of the posting of the notice. The call was made yesterday afternoon and Phillips and his staff worked all night over the firm's books. The trouble is said to have been due to a 3½ cent break in rye yesterday. Phillips is credited with holding a line of 1,500,000 bushels of this cereal, mostly in May options. The break yesterday was caused by a sale of only 50,000 bushels.

Phillips opened negotiations with elevator men before the opening of the board in an endeavor to dispose of his rye outside the pit. The negotiations fell through and May rye, which closed yesterday at 66⅞c, opened with sales from 61 to 60 cents. The whole Phillips line was dumped into the market. Brokers acting for Armour & Co., however, bought nearly all of it, and the market in consequence rallied sharply to 65 cents.

The effect of the notice posted by Secretary Stone was instantaneous, the whole list opening off sharply. Wheat opened 1 to 1⅛ lower, corn ½ to 1c down and oats nearly a cent depressed.

Couldn't Meet Call for Margins.

H. Hurlburt, Phillips' office manager, declared that it was the suddenness of the call for the extra ten per cent. margins which had embarrassed Mr. Phillips. He stated that Phillips had traded but little on his own account, the grain for the most part belonging to customers.

Later, Jacob Ringer, attorney for Mr. Phillips, gave out a statement, saying that his client had been practically wiped off the financial slate. "He is 'broke.'" said Mr. Ringer. "Men whom he worsted in former deals went after him and they 'got' him."

Phillips' Statement.

Mr. Phillips gave out a statement in part as follows:

"The amount involved in my trouble to day is about $60,000. My customers had their trades well margined, and if the trades closed out to-day bring a fair price I can meet all my obligations. I was 'long' about 1,300,000 bushels of rye, 5,000,000 wheat and 600,000 corn and oats. Saturday a member of the board interested in breaking the rye market sent notices calling for an extra margin of ten per cent. on rye. This naturally caused selling orders Monday, and a representative of the member mentioned, finding the market bare of orders, forced the market down three cents. This was done in a moment and the news flashed all over the country caused consternation among holders of rye contracts, many of whom sold on a weak market. A decline of one cent in wheat, coupled with rumors reflecting on my strength, resulted in unusually heavy calls for margins. I was for the moment unprepared and the only alternative left was to close out. I have no excuse to offer and no complaint to make."

GOV. AYCOCK AT CHARLOTTE.

Addressed the Chamber of Commerce. Especially Urged Importance of Educating White Children.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Jan. 14.—Gov. Charles B. Aycock, of North Carolina, addressed the Charlotte Chamber of Commerce to-night upon the subject of education. He reviewed the history of the educational work in North Carolina for years back and showed that even during the most trying periods of the civil war the public schools in this State were kept open. Gov. Aycock especially urged the importance of educating the white children of the State since the adoption of the constitutional amendment disfranchising illiterates. Those men coming of age after 1908 cannot vote unless they are able to read and write and the governor insists that the State do all in its power to fit every boy for the test. The negroes, he said, have realized the fact that they cannot vote if illiterate, and they are busily preparing themselves for the educational test and the white boy must not be left behind. He took no stock in the argument that education tended to spoil the negro, and cited the fact that the negroes were generally taught to read and write before the civil war and were still good servants.

NICARAGUA CANAL BILL.

Action in Committee Deferred to Permit Investigation of the Panama Canal Scheme.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14. — The House Nicaragua canal bill was considered to-day by the Senate Committee on Interoceanic Canals, but action was deferred in order to permit further investigation of the proposition made by the Panama Canal Company. The motion for this postponement was made by Senator Mitchell. It provided for a meeting next Friday and instructed Senator Morgan, as chairman of the committee, to confer in the meantime with the President for the purpose of ascertaining whether the Panama proposition had been received by the isthmian canal commission and in case it had been received, to ascertain from the chairman of the canal commission what time will be necessary for the commission to prepare a report upon the proposition. This motion was carried unanimously. The action was due to the expressed wish of a majority of the members of the committee to afford opportunity to give fair consideration to the Panama proposition. There was also a sentiment expressed against any prolonged postponement.

Rev. P. A. Hubbard, financial secretary of the African M. E Church, died at his home in Washington, D. C., yesterday.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

IMPROVEMENT OF RIVERS AND HARBORS.

Committees of Senate and House Heard Representatives of the Convention Held in Baltimore.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The Senate Committee on Commerce to-day heard representatives from the National Rivers and Harbors Congress, which met in convention in Baltimore last autumn.

George E. Bartol, of Philadelphia, permanent chairman of the congress, said the congress had represented all the business interests concerned in lower freight rates, and it had contained representatives from twenty-two States.

John W. Candler, of Massachusetts, chairman of the committee appointed to present the resolutions of the congress, said that never before had the sentiment for the improvement of rivers and harbors been so strong as it is to-day. The increasing importance of the river traffic was making constant demands for vessels of deeper draft and he called attention to the fact that the annual business of the Mississippi river amounts to 19,000,000 tons, while 25,000,000 tons annually find their way through Sault Ste. Marie canal.

D. G. Perse, of Savannah, Ga., spoke of the effect of the improvement of the Savannah river as an illustration of the benefit to be derived from river improvement. He said that since 1883, the depth of the river had been increased from 14 feet to 26 feet and the aggregate tonnage from one million to three million tons. There had been a corresponding increase in the draft and number of vessels. Yet, notwithstanding this increase in depth there still was demand for more and the failure of the last river and harbor bill had been felt very severely. He argued that the improvement of rivers and harbors had an appreciable effect on freight rates.

Wm. H. Lincoln, president of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, and Robert Ramsey, of Baltimore, addressed the committee. Mr. Ramsey said that most of the vessels engaged in the foreign trade draw thirty feet of water, and that some of them are of greater depth. He said that within twenty years the freight charge on grain had been reduced from 18 cents to 1½ cents per bushel, which was due to the increased carrying capacity of ocean going vessels.

A delegation from the same congress appeared before the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

PHILIPPINES QUESTION APPEARS IN THE SENATE

Senator Hoar Spoke On His Resolution Providing for a Committee to Investigate Affairs in the Islands.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—For the first time this session the Philippine question ,appeared in the Senate and the interest which was taken indicates that it will occupy the attention of the upper branch of Congress for some time when the Tariff bill is reported.

The Philippines were the subject of an address by Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, who spoke on his resolution introduced yesterday, providing for the appointment of a Senate committee to investigate the administration of those islands.

Senator Lodge, Senator Hoar's colleague, said he regarded the resolution as a reflection on the Philippine committee, of which he was chairman, and said his committee was perfectly able to handle any investigation which might be conducted. Senator Carmack, Democrat, agreed with him.

The discussion was leading rapidly to an opening up of the whole Philippine question when it was agreed that the resolution should go over until to-morrow.

Mr. Mason, of Illinois, made a speech in favor of reciprocity with Cuba and discussed the protective policy generally.

MANILA, Jan. 14.—Breakdowns of Government employes have been frequent recently, including members of the United States commission. They are feeling the effects of over work. A meeting of the commission will be held to consider the matter and a Saturday half holiday will probably be inaugurated.

LOSS HALF A MILLION.

Fire at Manchester, N. H.—One of the Finest Business Blocks in New England Totally Destroyed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Jan. 14—The destruction to-night of the Kennard, a granite structure, considered to be the finest business block in New England north of Boston, proved to be the worst fire here in many years, the total loss being a half million dollars. Beside the Kennard, situated on Elm Street, the Smyth block on the opposite side was practically ruined, and considerable damage was done to the home of the Derryfield Club, in the rear of the Kennard. In the Smyth block were two banks and the Park theatre, occupied to-night by J. Z. Little's Dramatic Company presenting "The World." The Kennard was totally burned. The fire started in this block about 9 o'clock on the first floor. At the time the Board of Trade was in session and immediately a rush for the exits was made. Every one got out safely. A number of tenants were in their offices to-night and some of them had exciting experiences before they reached the sidewalks in safety.

The cause of the fire is believed to have been new electrical connections.

TOBACCO GROWERS.

Opposition to Any Reduction of Duties On Tobacco From Cuba.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HARTFORD, CONN., Jan. 14.—An all-day convention of the New England Tobacco Grower's Association here resulted in the overthrow of plans to have the association endorse resolutions favoring tariff concessions to Cuba. Instead resolutions were passed urging the New England representatives in Congress to oppose any reduction in the duties on tobacco imported from Cuba or from any other source. A committee of three members will go to Washington to present these views to Congress.

Don't Let Them Suffer.

Often children are tortured with itching and burning eczema and other skin diseases but Bucklen's Arnica Salve heals the raw sores, expels inflammation, leaves the skin without a scar. Clean, fragrant, cheap, there's no salve on earth as good. Try it. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

PROPOSITION IS IMPRACTICABLE.

Democrats Oppose the Suggestion to Open Union Soldiers' Homes to Confederates.

DISCUSSED IN THE HOUSE.

Two Notable Speeches in Favor of the Measure—Prominent Ex-Confederates Protest Against It—Alternative Proposition.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The House continued the debate upon the Pension Appropriation bill to-day and much of the time was devoted to the discussion of the proposition advanced by Mr. Rixey, of Virginia, yesterday, to open the doors of Union soldiers' homes to ex-Confederate veterans. Two notable speeches were made in support of the proposition, one by Mr. Gardner, a Michigan Republican, and the other by Mr. Dearmond, a Missouri Democrat.

Mr. Dearmond's eloquence aroused both sides of the House. The Republicans, with the exception of Mr. Gardner, took no part in the discussion of the Rixey suggestion, and it met with much opposition on the Democratic side on the ground that it was utterly impracticable. Mr. Lamb, of Virginia, read a number of telegrams from prominent ex-Confederates of Richmond protesting against it.

Mr. Gardner, as an ex-Union soldier, said he sympathized with the spirit that sought to take care of our own and predicted that the time would come, and at no distant day, when the homes for disabled veterans, built and maintained by the common government, would be opened alike to needy soldiers whether of the Union or Confederacy. His expression of the sentiment that it was better to care for the destitute than care for the graves of the dead, immortal though they may be, was greeted with a round of applause on the Democratic side. He spoke of the better feeling engendered between the sections by the Spanish war and said that since then, whatever differences existed among the people of the country had ceased to exist as sectional differences, and notice had been served on the civilized world that in any future war with the United States the whole country must be reckoned with.

Mr. Otey, Virginia, took issue with his colleague (Mr. Rixey) regarding the method of relieving needy ex-Confederates. He proposed as an alternative proposition that the money in the treasury to the credit of captured and abandoned Confederate property be distributed ten per cent. annually, to the Confederate homes in the South.

He declared that the day would come when monuments would be erected in the national capital to Lee, Jackson, Stuart and Forrest; not as rebels but as grand and great Americans. Mr. Otey, who said he himself gloried in the fact that he had been a rebel soldier, convulsed the House repeatedly with amusing stories illustrative of his arguments.

Mr. Gibson, Tennessee, a member of the Invalid Pension Committee, replied to some of the criticisms to which his committee has been subjected during the debate. Speaking of the Philippine policy of the administration, he said that the Republicans believed in retaining the archipelago and questioned the loyalty of every American who desired to relinquish them.

Mr Wheeler, Kentucky, interposed to say that he questioned not only the loyalty but the intelligence of any one who would utter such a sentiment on the floor of Congress.

"It has been the favorite practice of the Democratic party in the South," replied Mr. Gibson, "to charge every man who loved his country with ignorance. With some display of heat he said he would hurl the epithet back into the face of the gentleman from Kentucky.

Mr. Wheeler explained that he did not mean to charge those in the South who had followed the Union flag with ignorance. He only meant to brand as ignorant those who charged disloyalty to men who believed it bad policy to retain the Philippines.

Mr. Dearmond, Missouri, approved the suggestion of Mr. Rixey, Virginia, to open the doors of Union soldiers' homes to ex-Confederate soldiers. He took issue with those who had declared that the Confederate soldiers had sought to destroy the government of the United States. The leaders of the Lost Cause, he said, believed implicity in the theory of secession and the rank and file, not indulging in fine-spun theories, finding that war had come, fought for their homes and firesides. Most of those who had participated on both sides had passed over the river, and since this suggestion to allow those on the losing side to enter the homes for the winners had been made, it was worthy to be considered in calmness and charity.

He paid a high tribute to Mr. Rixey who had made the suggestion and to Mr. Gardner, the Michigan Republican who had endorsed it. These two men, said he, were typical of the better sense and the better sentiment of American statesmanship When a man like Mr. Gardner could rise above the petty bickerings of to-day and forgetting the animosities of the past remember only the valor of his countrymen and express such sentiments as he had, Mr. Dearmond said, he hailed it as the dawning of a brighter and a better day. Mr. Dearmond continued:

"Mr. Chairman, I think the time has already arrived when in the North and the South there is a common sentiment of pride in the glory and manhood of the American soldier of the war of the sixties. And the time has come now with a great many, and if we do not realize it, our children will, when some of the leaders of the South will be pointed to—north and south, east and west—as the brightest ornaments of our time.

"I believe that in all the Christian era there has not arisen a leader of men with all the better elements of manhood, a nobler and more magnificent specimen of the best that manhood can do in its proudest and most glorious and successful moments than General Robert E. Lee,

I am perfectly willing to stand by the bill and the advocacy and support of it. There can be no greater charity to the Federal soldier, there can be nothing better for the soldier of the North or the South than to furnish him a home, when there is no home elsewhere. Far better than to dispense the pensions with a lavish hand, or deal them out sparingly, is it to furnish these old soldiers with the surroundings of the household where the blasts of winter have no terror for them and where they may prepare for the final grand march across the river."

Mr. Snodgrass, Tennessee, discussed the legal and constitutional phases of the proposition to admit ex-Confederates to Union homes He took the view that the care of Union soldiers by the government was in return for services rendered the government, and that if the homes could be opened to needy ex-Confederates they could be opened to any other needy American citizen.

Mr. Lamb, Virginia, opposed the Rixey suggestion, contending that the Union and Confederate veterans could not live in harmony together, because the former would be in the soldiers' homes as a matter of right, while the latter would be there as a matter of charity.

Mr. Hooker, Mississippi, the one-armed Confederate veteran, in a brief but vigorous speech argued that the Confederacy had not attempted to destroy the foundations of the Federal government, but to preserve and defend the principles underlying the declaration of independence and the constitution of 1789

The House then adjourned.

WARM WIRELETS

The Bank of Butler, Ga., was robbed early yesterday of $3,000 in cash. Dynamite was used to blow the vault. The burglars escaped.

The corner-stone of Florida's new capitol was laid yesterday at Tallahassee with appropriate ceremonies, under the auspices of the Masonic fraternity of the State.

The United States Cigar Manufacturers' Company, of New York city, was incorporated yesterday with a capital of $7,000,000, of which $2,000,000 is preferred and $5,000,000 common stock.

Cable advices received at the German embassy in Washington indicate that Prince Henry of Germany will arrive off New York about February 18th.

The little yacht Lotus, from New York to Palm Beach, with a crew of four, lost her rudder and drifted on the beach near St Augustine, Fla., in a storm. The crew had narrow escapes when the vessel was beached.

All grades of refined sugar were reduced yesterday by the American Sugar Refining Company and the independent refiners. Grades No 6 to 11, inclusive, were cut five points and the rest of the list ten points.

Commissioner Yerkes, of the internal revenue bureau, has offered a reward of $300 for the arrest of Shug Hoffman, who is reported to have killed Deputy Marshal Halsenbach near Boaz, Ala., a few days ago.

The American Poultry Association, composed of the leading poultry men of the country, will hold its annual meeting in Charleston next week during the continuance of the poultry and pet stock show of the Exposition.

C. Aylett Ashley, the young lawyer who shot City Engineer E. A. Marye at Newport News, Va., who died from the wound January 6th, waived examination and was indicted yesterday. He was bailed in the original sum of $20,000.

A dispatch from Bruex, Aus., says: The Jupiter Mine here was suddenly flooded to-day and forty-three men, including the manager and two superintendents, were cut off from escape. It is thought probable that they were all drowned.

Former U. S. Senator Arthur P. Gorman was yesterday re elected to occupy the place in the Senate which he lost in the general election four years ago and regained in November last He received every Democratic vote in both branches of the General Assembly.

Several men entered the Bristol, Va., jail at midnight, secured Will King, a negro prisoner, and brought him to Bristol, Tenn., where he was turned over to the police. King, it is charged, assaulted a twelve-year old son of O. F. Bunn. The negro received a knife wound in the face in resisting capture by a posse.

Senator William B. Allison, of Iowa, was nominated last night for the position of United States Senator for the sixth consecutive term, and Senator Jonathan P. Dolliver was nominated to succeed himself at the expiration of his appointed term. The vote of the caucus was unanimous in both cases.

Representative H. C. Smith, of Michigan, has introduced a joint resolution for a constitutional amendment empowering Congress to define the qualification of electors for members of Congress, and requiring that these qualifications shall be uniform throughout the States. The purpose of the amendment is to prevent the disfranchisement of voters at Congressional elections.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Stolen—Two inspirators from 18 South Water street. Any information that would lead to arrest of thieves or recovery of property thankfully received. Walter Tart. jan 15 1t

Consumers of Wood will always find the best quality of all kinds and all lengths of Wood (our Black Jack a specialty) at lowest prices at my wood yard, No. 18 South Water street, between Market and Dock. A trial will convince you. W. W. Koch, Bell 'Phone 719. ja 14 1m*

Wanted—Pork Poultry, Eggs, Beef, Cattle, Cotton, Grain, Timber, Tar and all Country Produce. Wright & Murphy, Commission Merchants, 111 North Water street. jan 11 1w*

Bankruptcy Sale—Stock of A. M. Busman's Furniture Company will be sold at any price to vacate the present store within the next ten days. Store opens Saturday morning at 8 o'clock. Jan 10 1w

Notice—Call on us for Country Produce of all kinds, Chickens, Eggs, Butter, Liver Pudding, Quail and Fruits. Also, Vegetables in season. J. K Westbrook & Co., wholesale and retail, 2 3 Market street, Bell 'Phone 447. dec 19 tf

The Dixie Cafe—Most popular place in town for quick lunches, meals and everything to refresh the inner man. Tables always supplied with oysters and game. Orders sent anywhere in the city. H. P. Harmon, proprietor, Princess street. dec 6 tf.

Notice—I have just received car of Jamaica Bananas. Also have Mountain Apples, Cabbage, butter, Potatoes, Onions and all kinds of country produce. A. S. Winstead, 118 North Second street oct 4 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON
ED. MCRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. MCKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON
J B. WEATHERLY, MAXTON.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per share.
Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly installments of 25 cents per share.
The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM President.

FOR CHRISTMAS!

WE HAVE

CANDY, CAKES, NUTS,

Raisins, Apples

Oranges, Cocoanuts.

Also a full line of Canned Goods in connection with our regular stock of heavy groceries.

Write to us for prices.

Williams Bros.

dec 6 tf

We Take This Method

Of thanking the generous public for their past valued favors in dispensing patronage at

Our Department Stores.

Many lines of Goods have been closed out; many others partly so; yet, there remains

Various and Valuable Bargains

For the economical householder to ponder over. We are now pushing everything preparatory to giving the general public the

Best Possible Footwear Service

To be had at the lowest possible cost. Try us at the

Same Old Place.

Mercer & Evans Co.

ja 5 tf

Almanacs and Calendars

For 1902.

Turner's North Carolina Almanacs, wholesale and retail.

Fancy and Office Calendars for 1902.

Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, all kinds of Blank Books and Office Supplies.

New Year Presents.

We have a number of Fancy Articles, Books, Pictures, Games, Toys, etc., left over from Christmas that we are selling at greatly reduced prices.

We take yearly subscriptions for all the leading periodicals at publishers' prices.

C. W. YATES & CO.

dec 29 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS

MULLETS, new catch
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CAR GOODS DEMAND AT THIS SEASON

Sole agents for
ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

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"WE WILL BOND YOU."

The United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company.

Home Office, - BALTIMORE, MD.

Paid up Cash Capital, $1,500,000.00

Surety Bonds of every description.

FIDELITY. CONTRACT. JUDICIAL

Judicial bonds executed without delay.

C. D. WEEKS,
General Agent,
Smith Building, Wilmington, N. C.
Correspondence solicited. nov 28 2m

Rust Proof Seed Oats.

400 bushels R. P Seed Oats.
2,500 bushels Mixed Oats.
4,000 bush. Mixed and White Corn.
100,000 Lbs. No. 1 Tim. Hay.
158,000 pounds Hoop Iron.
1,800 Good 2nd hand Machine Bls.
500 bbls Molasses (all grades).
250 Kegs Wire Nails.
500 kegs Cut nails.

We have also en route genuine Aristook County, Maine, Seed Potatoes.
We are headquarters in our line. Get our prices.

D. L. CORE CO.,
Wholesale Groceries and Drugs.
120, 122 and 124 North Water Street,
dec 17 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Fancy Fruits.

Bananas, Extra Fancy.

Pears, Grapes, Oranges,

Apples.

Nuts, Figs, Dates and Raisins.

Give me a call. I can please you on nice Fruit and Candies.

I. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,

304 Princess Street.

Bell 'Phone 666. Inter-State 128.
jan 4 tf

THE CLIMAX.

The Climax Barber Shop, as its name indicates, has reached the highest point of style and excellence. Give us a trial and you will receive polite attention and high class workmanship.

GUION & DAVIS,
dec 4 tf 7 South Front St.

GREAT CLOTHING SALE!

WE HAVE FINISHED TAKING STOCK IN OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT AND FIND THAT WE HAVE ABOUT $7,890 WORTH OF

CLOTHING WE WANT TO SELL.

We need the room and the way to clear out the stock is sell it almost at half price. Our clothing is all new, this winter's style, and it comprises everything in the clothing line. We have men's up to date stylish Pants as low as 89c a pair. Nice looking Pants and good at $1. All of our winter Pants we are selling at cost. Pants that we sold for $3.50 are now $2.75; $3 Pants are now $2.40; good worsted Pants for $1.19. Men's black worsted suit for $1.90. Heavy wool suits worth $7 are now $4.75.

Our $12 heavy suits are $6.75, and our $15 suits $10, beautiful goods.

Our $20 suits are $12.50; $5 suits are $3.50. Our clothing is all guaranteed as represented. If you want to buy a suit, come to us for it. We have a big line of overcoats to close out; selling them at half price. Everything from $1 69 to $12; $10.00 Raglan Coat, selling for $5.98. All wool, nice stylish Coats, worth $10.00, now $5.00. We have a big line of youth's clothing. Boys' suits at 69c, 98c, $1.25, $1.75 and $1.98 and up to $4.50. Boys' Mackintosh Overcoats, water proof, at $1.19, Men's at $1.25 and Ladies' from $2.50 to $3.75, all wool, guaranteed.

A special sale in domestic good wide Sheeting at 4½c. Indigo Blue Calico 4½c, a few pieces Satteen, dark green 36 inches wide, to close at 4½c per yard. Apron Ginghams, good quality, for 4½c. The best Feather Ticking at 13½c per yard. Splendid Canton Flannels at 5c; our 10c quality now 8c; 36-inch wide Dress Goods, worth 20c, now 11½c, In our Men and Boys' overall department we are making a special effort to give the people the best overall for the money. We are cutting the ice to get the trade. We are selling the Sweet-Orr overalls for all classes of men for 75c and 90c each. We have a special line—the Newport overall—they are better in make and material—equal in color, the most substantial dressy and servicable overall made, $1 each. We sell the Morriss & Co. union made overall, coat and pants, for $1 a suit, better grade 69c and 75c a piece. We will be glad to have you give us a trial in this department—once a customer you will always be one—we have heavy double front overalls as low as 37c a pair. One hundred dozen new window shades just received from 12½c to 37½c each. We have some special things in Dress Goods that we are slaughtering this week; 2 pieces fine all-wool skirting goods 54 inches wide that sold for 69c per yard, to move them will sell for 25c per yard. Some beautiful fancy Crepons that sold for 50c, now 29c. Beautiful Plaid Goods that sold for 50c, now 19c.

"Mennen's Borated Talcum Powder.

Nice Fresh Lot for 12 1-2 cents per Box."

Big Racket Store,

GEO. O. GAYLORD,

jan 12 tf PROPRIETOR.

We Are Moving in Line With THE PROCESSION.

Our New Spring Goods Arriving Daily.

A Full Line of New and Fresh Spring Mattings.

Embroideries in Cambrics, Nainsooks

and Swiss, with Allovers and Beadings to match.

Our line of White Goods is full and complete, consisting of Cambrics, Long Cloth, English Nainsook, Irish Linen, Victoria Lawn, Persian Lawn, French Nainsook and Linen Cambrics.

I am sole Agent for The Butterick Paper Patterns.

American Lady Corsets. Her Majesty's Corsets,

A. D. Brown,

Dry Goods and Carpets.

No. 29 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

jan 12 tf

Borrowing FIRE!

IS CONSIDERED A FAVOR SOMETIMES, BUT BUYING YOUR FIRE FROM OUR HIGH GRADE GRATE AND STOVE COAL will prove more satisfactory.

We give the best goods on the market and guarantee prices against all competitors.

Our fuel has not advanced in price this year, which is more than can be said of other commodities. Remember this fact and send orders to

J. A. Springer & Co.

nov 20 tf The Veteran Dealers.

Esquimaux

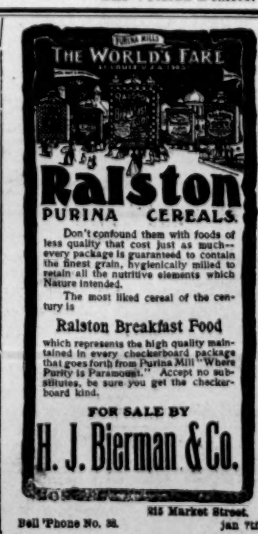
Don't have much use for stoves. A fire in the middle of a snow hut, with an infinitesimal hole for a chimney, is good enough for them. But such an arrangement wouldn't be considered "just the thing" in this latitude. Here people need stoves and we keep them for sale—Parlor Stoves, Kitchen Stoves, Small Bedroom Stoves, and many odd sorts. The prices are adapted to persons with non-millionairish purses, too.

We have, too, a complete stock of Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Ammunition, &c.

J. W. Murchison & Co.,

ORTON BUILDING.

dec 5 tf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Ralston
PURINA CEREALS
Don't confound them with foods of less quality that cost just as much—every package is guaranteed to contain the finest grain, hygienically milled to retain all the nutritive elements which Nature intended.
The most liked cereal of the century is
Ralston Breakfast Food
which represents the high quality maintained in every checkerboard package that goes forth from Purina Mill. "Where Purity is Paramount." Accept no substitutes, be sure you get the checkerboard kind.
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